SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXI NO. 242 SEYMOUR, INDIANA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1912. PRICE TWO CENTS

JEFFERSONVILLE HEADS DISTRICT

Change is Announced Monday by The Bishop at Closing Session of M. E. Conference.

NO NOTICE TO CHURCH HERE

Assignments to All Charges in This District Are Given Out—Few Changes Made.

At the final session of the Indiana conference of the Methodist churches, which adjourned at Jeffersonville Monday, action was taken by the cabinet, composed of the bishop and district superintendents to change the name of the Seymour district to the Jeffersonville district. It was understood several weeks ago that both Jeffersonville and Columbus desired to have the district called in honor of their city, but as it has been known as the Seymour district for a number of years it was not believed that such action would be taken at this time. A number of the members of the local church went to Jeffersonville last week and made some inquiry regarding the proposed change, but they were informed that it was not probable that the name would be changed this year but if such a move should be made they would be notified. It seems, however, that the matter was taken up before adjournment and the members of the church here had no information about it and were greatly surprised when the report was received.

The local Methodists are not at all pleased with the action of the cabinet anfld declare that they should have been given some notice so that representatives could have appeared before the bishop and district superintendents and the matter fairly determined. There seems to be no question, according to the members of the Seymour church, but that the district should be named in honor of this city, because one of the largest churches of the district is located here and also because the district superintendent finds it much more convenient to reach the various churches from Seymour than from any other place in the district. Jeffersonville on the other hand is on the southern border of the district, on the Kentucky line.

It appears that the name was changed very largely for historic reasons. The first Methodist church in Southern Indiana was built at Jeffersonville and the district was formerly known as the Jeffersonville district. The entertainment of the conference at Jeffersonville also had much to do with the change. Dr. F. A. Steele, superintendent, has resided here since he was assigned to that place several years ago. He will not move from this city immediately.

The appointments for this district are as follows:

F. A. Steele, district superintendent; Austin, William De Hart; Bean Blossom, James W. Baldwin; Blocher, E. R. Vest; Brownstown, E. S. Schneider; Charlestown, S. O. Dorsey; Sellersburg, John Anderson; Columbus, L. F. Dimmitt; Cortland, C. H. Rose; Crothersville, J. G. Moore; East Columbus, J. L. Perry; Edinburg, S. L. Welker; Elizabethtown, Harry G. Glick; Flat Rock, R. D. Biven; Franklin, W. E. Edgin; Freetown, E. R. Rust; Hartsville, C. H. Pinnick; Henryville, Merritt Machlan; Hope, E. H. Wood; Jeffersonville, Port Fulton, L. H. Kindall; Wall street, J. H. Doddridge; Morgantown, J. F. Bolcher; Nashville, Bert L. Clay, supply; Newbern, J. G. Antiny; New Washington, William DeHart; Nineveh, J. H. Weekly; North Vernon, J. E. Washburn; Ogilville, M. H. Reynolds; Otisco, R. C. Bailey; Scottsburg, J. O. Powell; Sellersburg, R. W. Fish; Seymour, D. L. Thomas; Taylorville, H. T. Manuel; Utica, R. D. Bissen; Vallonia, J. W. Weekly; Vernon, E. G. Jann.

THE NEW DIRECTORY

First Copies of New City and County Directory Being Delivered Today.

The new 1912 Directory of Seymour and Jackson County is completed and copies are being delivered today. This is the first complete directory ever issued for all of Jackson County, including the city of Seymour, the incorporated towns of Brownstown and Crothersville and every township in the county.

The directory was completed under the direction of the Seymour Republican by canvassers, who made a house to house visit of every home in the county, securing the names and information at first hand. The book contains 368 pages and is substantially bound in cloth. It gives the occupation and postoffice address of every person in the county. It indicates all real estate owners and in the township lists gives the number of acres owned by each farmer.

The new directory will be useful in many different ways to our citizens through the vast amount of detailed information which it gives. In looking up the address of any person in the county, or in making up any kind of mailing list for use in connection with business or a distribution of any kind, the names can be secured very readily with the correct addresses by consulting this book.

County directories are usually issued at $5.00 per copy on account of the heavy expense involved in compiling them. But the Seymour Republican, which publishes the Seymour and Jackson County Directory, is issuing this at $4.00, and the book will be worth many times this amount to any person needing a mailing list in Jackson County. Copies may be had by calling at the Seymour Republican office, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price.

PROHIBITION SPEAKING

Candidate for Governor Will Be Here September 25.

Posters advertising the coming of "the governor's party" have been distributed about the city. The party will be compoesd of prominent prohibitionists among whom are W. H. Hickman, candidate for governor, and A. W. Jackman, candidate for lieutenant governor.

This will be the opening of the Prohibition campaign in this county and the parties will be accompanied by a number of singers. The posters say that this is the "original and real progressive party" and that the speakers will make addresses upon live issues. The speeches will be made at the corner of Second and Chestnut streets Wednesday night.

Marriage License.

Lawrence Zaring of Louisville to Barbara Wickey of Seymour.

Seymour Business College Phone 403.

POLITICIANS ARE READY FOR BATTLE

Leaders of All Parties Are Sharpening Up Their Swords and Are Waiting for Signal.

MEETINGS HELD THIS WEEK

Democrat and Prohibition Candidates for Governor Will Speak—Republicans Plan Meeting.

Before the first of next month the campaign in Jackson county will be well under way and the citizens will be aware that things are moving in politics. The actual campaign really starts this week as several political speeches will be made in the county and a number of meetings will be held.

The prohibition party will open its campaign tomorrow night with speeches by W. H. Hickman, candidate for governor, and A. W Jackman, candidate for lieutenant governor. These addresses will be given at the corner of Second and Chestnut streets and a number of campaign singers will furnish music before the speaking.

The democrat generals held their meeting at the city building a short time ago and completed the plans for the campaign. Samuel Ralston, democratic candidate for governor, will make an address at Brownstown Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. This is the first speech the democrats have billed in this county this year and they are naturally striving to get out a big crowd and give their candidate as hearty a welcome as they can. Mr. Ralston will arrive in Seymour Saturday morning and a luncheon will be served in his honor at the New Lynn hotel. A number of prominent local democrats and also some of the political workers from Brownstown and other places in the county will attend the luncheon. He will be taken from Seymour to Brownstown in an automobile.

George Peter, republican county chairman, has called a meeting of the committeemen and candidates at Brownstown Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the campaign and to make arrangements for speeches in this county. A candidate for state office will attend the meeting and will make an address upon the campaign.

The progressive party began their campaign a little earlier than did the other parties, and a number of the Bull Moose speakers have already made addresses at several places in the county. The campaign will probably be marked by a large number of speeches and each party will endeavor to get some of the best talent into the county.

Two Properties Sold.

Elmer C. Bollinger as agent, has closed a deal with Charles Trueblood for the Kamman property on east Third street for $1,350. Mr. Trueblood has already moved into the property and will make this his home. Mr. Bollinger has also closed a deal with C. E. T. Dobbins for the rental belonging to U. F. Lewis on High street for $800. Mr. Dobbins purchased this house as an investment.

PURDUE WANTS TO GIVE COURSE HERE

Department of Agricultural Extension Plans For Three Days of Lectures and Demonstrations.

HAVE PROVEN VERY POPULAR

Commercial Club and Farmers Will Hold Joint Meetino Thursday Night to Discuss Arrangements.

O. E. Carter, who resides east of the city, is in receipt of a letter from G. E. Christie, superintendent of the department of agricultural extension of Purdue University relative to holding a Farmers' Short Course in this city this winter. This course has been very helpful to the farmers of the state, and the agriculturists of Jackson are heartily in favor of having the course here. The matter has been taken up with the Commercial Club and a meeting of that organization will be held Thursday night at 8 p. m., when the question will be thoroughly discussed.

Because of limited funds the University is unable to hold the Short Courses in all the towns in southern Indiana and are making arrangements to visit about twenty places. Mr. Christie believes that such courses would be well attended here and is anxious to complete arrangements with the farmers and the Commercial Club.

Regarding the short courses the bulletin received here has the following:

"During the past four years, Purdue University has conducted farmers' short courses at several points in Indiana. These courses have proved popular and have met, in a fair way, the needs of the people. The instruction has been thorough and practical, and has given to men and women information that could be applied in the daily operations on the farm and in the home.

"The demand for similar work for the coming year, is now very large. The funds appropriated by the state are not sufficient to enable the Extension Department to hold more than 20 short courses next winter, and at the same time care for farmers' institutes, clubs, conferences, etc. It will be possible to consider, therefore, only those places which are in a position to handle a short course in a good strong way; that is, the people must be deeply interested in desiring it, and willing to put time and energy behind it so as to make it a success.

"The most essential thing is, that the farmers, business men or commercial clubs, the women, the county and city school superintendents, in fact everyone, shall interest themselves in this course and take an active part in the plans to secure the course and carry it through to a successful conclusion.

"The work of these courses will consist of lectures with practical demonstrations in soils, crops, animal husbandry, dairying, horticulture, poultry and domestic science. Instruction will be given by representatives of Purdue. The idea is to make the work as practical as possible and of the greatest interest and value. Lectures will be supplemented with practical exercises in corn judging, stock judging, poultry judging, spraying demonstrations, domestic science demonstrations, etc."

The course will be three days in length and the program will include lectures and demonstrations on corn growing, live stock, horticulture, dairying, poultry, corn judging and other subjects of interest to the farmers.

Seven instructors and demonstrators will accompany the train. It is estimated that the expense of the Short Course will be about $200. No charge is made for the service of the speakers, but the city in which a Short Course is held is required to pay the traveling expenses and freight on the live stock and furnish stable and feed for the stock during the course. The demonstrations will be given in some suitable room or building and the local people are of course obliged to pay for this.

The agricultural department suggests the selection of a lecture room which will seat at least four hundred people. It is desirable to have a room which is well lighted and ventilated and where illustrated pictures can be shown to an advantage. A room must also be provided for corn judging, another for stock judging and a fourth for the domestic science department.

It is probable that tickets will be issued and sold in order to defray the expenses. The farmers will of course assist liberally and it is not believed that any trouble will be experienced in raising the required amount of money necessary for the course.

The directors of the Commercial Club are desirous that the meeting Thursday night be largely attended by the citizens, as it is believed that such a course would be helpful to the farmers and there would undoubtedly be a large number of them in the city while the course is being conducted.

VETERAN ENGINEER DEAD

Isaac Apgar Passed Away After a Useful Life.

Isaac Apgar, one of the most widely known railroad men on the Indiana division of the B. & O. S-W., died about 11:30 o'clock this morning of general paralysis at his home on South Broadway. He had been ill for several years, but during the past few weeks his condition was critical.

The deceased was eighty-three years of age and spent practically his entire life in this city. He was employed by the old O. & M. System when it was known as the "Broad Guage" and after firing for a number of years was given a run. He was known as one of the safest engineers on the road and when a fast run was to be made Mr. Apgar was frequently selected to handle the throttle. He was connected with the road for almost half a century and there are probably few employes who are more popular among railroad men than was Mr. Apgar.

Several years ago he was compelled to retire from active service because of his health, and for several years was a watchman in this city. He was a member of the Masonic order having joined years ago. His wife died several years ago. He is survived by one son, Nelson of Indianapolis, and two daughters, Mrs. Bert Edmondson of St. Louis and Mrs. Anna Lee of Seymour.

The funeral services will be held some time Thursday.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. A. B. Springer were held this afternoon at her late home in Palmyra, Mo. The deceased was a sister of Mrs. L. C. Bacon of this city.

FINANCIAL MIXUP IN STARKE COUNTY

Accounts Board Made Report to Governor Marshall and Discrepancies Are Made Known.

CENTER IN AUDITOR'S OFFICE

Former Official Are Involved For $4,319.91 on Direct Charges and $200 on "Constructive."

Indianapolis, Sept. 24.—A report on the financial affairs of Starke county, made by the state board of accounts to Governor Marshall, involves a number of former officials. There are discrepancies approximating $4,319.91 in direct charges and $200 in "constructive" charges.

The discrepancies all center in the office of the county auditor, held from January 1, 1905, to December 31, 1909, by Lee M. Ransbottom. All the former officials mentioned, including county councilmen, sheriffs, members of the board of county commissioners and others, are involved in the report on the auditor's office.

Mr. Ransbottom is directly charged with a total of $1,860.36. The amount includes alleged illegal payments for extra services in making out bond issues, annual statements and similar clerical work, school fund damages collected and not accounted for and fees unaccounted for. A. J. Larimore, sheriff, is charged directly with $2,081.05, made up of alleged illegal payments for removing persons to the Indiana state prison, "in and out fees," payments for washing for prisoners and excess payments for boarding prisoners. Allowances for riding made by the county commissioners' bailiffs make up a total of $1,769.50 in Mr. Larimore's alleged discrepancies.

Fred C. Workenstein, member of the board of commissioners, is charged directly with $81, alleged to have been extra pay for supervising bridges to which he was not entitled, and constructively with $200 because he sold a horse to the county.

TAKEN TO PENITENTIARY

Otis Mitchell Violates Terms of His Suspended Sentence.

Otis Mitchell, colored, was returned to the Michigan City State Prison this morning by Sheriff Jerry McOsker. He was arrested several days ago upon the charge of intoxication and was sent to Brownstown.

Mitchell was sentenced several months ago in the Jackson circuit court for a term of from two to fourteen years because of a cutting affray in which he participated. He was given a suspended sentence by Judge Shea and under the terms of this was required to report to a local men each month. This report was filed with the prison authorities. When he was arrested the parol officer was notified but he replied that as Mitchell had never been in the penitentiary he had no authority to take him. It is understood that Mitchell's actions have not been the best, and that he has violated his suspended sentence before.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

We Save You Money

We do our buying in combination with more than 5,000 other leading retail druggists. We get the very best and highest qualities—at the very lowest cost prices—possible to secure in the markets of the world. Don't you realize why

The Rexall Store

can save you money? Don't you see how it is possible for us to sell you better merchandise at lower prices than would be possible for any individual druggist—one who buys alone, and usually through a middleman or jobber at that?

Don't you understand now why it is that we have the reputation of selling better quality at as low or lower prices than our competitors?

We will never knowingly be undersold.

Andrews Drug Co.

Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

Candy

NEW ARRIVAL

The Best in the City for the Money

Buy One Pound and be Convinced About All

Salted Peanuts, pound - - - 10c

Fresh Roasted Peanuts, pound 10c

HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND

No.1 "IN the TENTS of ASRA" (Selig Arabian Drama)

No.2 "Woman Hater" "Palestine" (Kalem Com. Sce.)

No.3 "SAVING an AUDIENCE" (Vitagraph Comedy)

MAJESTIC

3—CROTTY TRIO—3

Comedy, singers, talkers and dancers

A "THUS MANY SOULS" (Rex.)

B "HER FIRST CHOICE" (Bison)

C "Aunt Hetty's Gold Fish" (Eclair)

Prices, Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c.

Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

$5.00 in gold given away Friday night

You can rest assured that your property is insured in GOOD COMPANIES every time you hear the fire alarm, if WE place the insurance.

The insurance policy is just as good as the company behind it, no more, no less—if the company is strong and properly managed, you'll enjoy prompt settlement of your losses—otherwise, in all probability, not.

Our companies will stand investigation on any of these features.

FRED EVERBACK AGENCY CO.

Office over Loertz Drug Store.

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Rice & Hutchins stamped on a shoe **Is Your Guarantee** that the highest skill, the best possible materials, and fifty years of business experience and integrity is behind it.

Is Your Guarantee that everything has been done that can be done to make the shoe both sightly and substantial.

Is Your Guarantee that it is manufactured on so large a scale, with such perfect facilities and sold in so great numbers, that it is impossible to sell at a moderate price.

Prove this by trying R. & H. school shoes.

Ticket to Dreamland for missing word.

ROSS-SHOES

Gold Mine is Opposite Us.

Ship Your Goods by

Interurban

Freight or Express.

It's Quick and Sure

I. & L. Traction Co.

NICKELO

Prof. Murray Daniels, the blind musician, is at the Nickelo.—Admission 5 cents.

1st "CUPID'S STOLEN [illegible]"

(Pathe Comedy)

2nd "Some Inhabitants of Stagnant Water" (Pathe [illegible])

3rd "Kentucky Girl—Race Track" (Kalem Drama)

4th "Betty Fools Dear Old Dad" (Selig Comedy)

BRING EASY LIVINGS

Traffic in White Slaves Profitable to Many.

Expert Who Seeks $1,000,000 and a Uniform Law to Stop Traffic, Makes Some Startling Statements About the Evil.

Washington, D. C.—"From 15,000 to 20,000 girls between the ages of 13 and 25 years, a majority of whom are native-born Americans, are the victims each year of the white slave traffic in the United States. About 50,000 men and women make an 'easy' living every year selling, buying and living on the earnings of these girls."

Stanley W. Finch, for 20 years an attorney and official in the department of justice, made this startling statement. When Mr. Finch made the statement above quoted he qualified it by saying that it was a conservative estimate.

"White slave traffic in some form or other has existed for 6,000 years," said Mr. Flinch. "In Europe it has been carried on with fluctuating success for 3,000 years; in the United States, with varying but ever growing success, for 100 years."

Desire for fortune and "easy" living on the part of the dealers, and the susceptibility of young girls to fraud and deceit, are the causes, directly, for the startling growth of the traffic in the United States, Mr. Finch said.

"One million dollars will suppress the traffic, and for $250,000 a year it can be kept suppressed," said Mr. Finch.

Mr. Finch began his real campaign for suppression of white slavery last May, and the system he has perfected has been installed in Maryland, Virginia, District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Ohio, West Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky. It will be worked in all the states of the Union by May 1 next if the money holds out.

The system provides for at least one local officer of the department of justice in every city in the United States. The work of these officers is to keep track of the inmates of every questionable house, know who are the patrons of the cafes, and take cognizance of all the suspicious and new characters who came into their districts.

"White slave traffic is being rapidly suppressed," declared Mr. Finch, "and once it is suppressed, it will cost only a comparatively small amount to keep it down. What is $200,000 or $300,000 a year if you know your homes are protected from these monsters?"

Efforts are being made to have uniform "slave" laws enacted in all the states, and with this law more criminals will be apprehended.

DIED BY PEACH-ROOT POISON

Death of New York Sculptor Traced to Ingredient in Chinese Medicine.

Seattle.—Poison extracted from the roots of peach trees, said to have been one of the ingredients of medicine prescribed by a Chinese herb doctor, is believed by Coroner J. C. Snyder to have caused the death of Louis Potter, a New York sculptor, who died here. An analysis of the medicine is being made and the police are instituting a search of the Pacific coast cities for the Chinese doctor, who has been missing since Potter's death.

Friends here say Potter had long been deeply interested in Oriental mysticism, but none of those questioned had heard anything from the sculptor of the treatment he was undergoing at the hands of the Chinaman.

Coroner Snyder described the woman who was with Potter at the hotel before he died as "apparently highly intellectual," about forty-eight years old, medium height and slender build.

GIVES UP FUN FOR CLOTHES

Former Moroccan Sultan Clings to Native Garb and Misses Sights.

Paris.—Mulai Hafid, who lately abdicated as sultan of Morocco, became a pensioner of France, drawing $60,000 a year and came to see this country, has finished at Vichy the cure his gayety imposed upon him, spent a week at Versailles and left for his native heath.

France breathes a sigh of relief, for Mulai has been attracting too much attention with his wives, interpreters and slaves. He greatly wished to see the glories of Paris, but the authorities said it would only be permissible if he clothed himself like a European. He bought some "store clothes" and tried to wear them, but felt so uncomfortable in them he took them off, preferring to forego the delights of Paris.

The former sultan has left behind him a train of gold. He was the most generous giver of tips of any of the royal personages who have recently visited France.

Slang to Be Universal.

Los Angeles.—Dr. C. Hanoff, professor of languages at the University of Copenhagen, says that American slang will be the universal language of the future.

Arrested for Giggling.

Rome, Ga.—Because they giggled during services, Rev. Mr. Curtis of this place had two daughters of L. G. Waters arrested and put in jail charged with disturbing public worship.

RAINS INCREASE IN FRANCE

Paris Papers Make Much of Two Days of Sunshine—Fear for Crops.

Paris.—For two days last week the sun shone in Paris, and the phenomenon was reported in all the newspapers under spread heads, for never before since anyone can remember has there been such a cold, rainy, dark August in France. On not one day this month has the thermometer reached 74, while the average temperature has been a little below that. The lowest previous August average was 79.

Camille Flammarion, the eminent astronomer, says the records at the Observatory of Paris, which was established under Louis XIV., more than 200 years ago, show that there has been a gradual increase in the rainfall since 1688.

This year rainy weather has been general all over France, so that fear is felt for the crops. Already there has been considerable talk in the newspapers of probable suffering next winter. Although these discouraging reports are regarded as too alarming, it is realized by all that, unless the weather changes for the better soon great damage will be done.

LIKE SECOND ENOCH ARDEN

George Wade Returned to Los Angeles to Find His Wife Wed to Another.

Los Angeles.—Like Enoch Arden, Warren Wade returned as one from the Great Beyond, but unlike that fictitious character, Mr. Wade did not go away again when he found his wife had married another man, and as a consequence, Mrs. Susie M. Wade-Ormsby recently asked Presiding Judge Willis to annul her marriage with George M. Ormsby so she could be legally free from Mr. Wade, and legally remarry Mr. Ormsby.

According to her story, related in court, Mr. Wade, shortly after their marriage in Seattle, in 1908, went to Alaska. For many months she heard no word from him, then came advices telling of his having perished in the frozen north.

After a year Mrs. Wade married Mr. Ormsby in Tacoma and removed to Los Angeles. A few months ago Mr. Wade, who is a resident of Bishop, Cal., appeared, and Mrs. Wade-Ormsby immediately filed a petition for the dissolution of her marriage with Mr. Ormsby.

LION BEATEN BY FAT MEN

California Sheriff and Companion, Who Went Hunting for Deer Only, Encounter Bigger Game.

San Francisco.—Lost—two guns, five cigars, several pounds of flesh and the "wind" of two fat men.

And all because a mountain lion, described as being the largest and most vicious on record, broke through the brush in Black gulch at the exact spot where Marin County Sheriff Jack Keating and S. K. Herzog were stalking deer.

The guns, cigars, several pounds of flesh and "wind" of the two fat men were all lost in their haste as they scaled a tall sycamore tree.

From this vantage point the two treed hunters halloed and were presently rescued by Robert Pearson, Frank Riede and Bill Jones—other members of the Victor Gun club—who frightened the lion away.

At the foot of the tree the duo recovered guns and "wind"—but the cigars could not be located and it is believed that the lion appropriated them. The flesh, the fat men hope, is lost forever.

MEETS HUNGER, NOT DEATH

Man Expecting End Sends Savings Home to Parents, Then Gets Well.

Chicago.—Firm in the belief that an acute pain from which he suffered would cause his death within 24 hours, Bruno D. Audin, twenty-two years old, hurried to Chicago from Wisconsin and deposited his savings of $26 in a bank with instructions to have the sum forwarded to his parents in Italy.

Several hours later the pain disappeared and he returned to the bank and demanded the return of his money.

The cashier informed him he was too late, as a draft for the amount had been sent to his parents in accordance with his instructions.

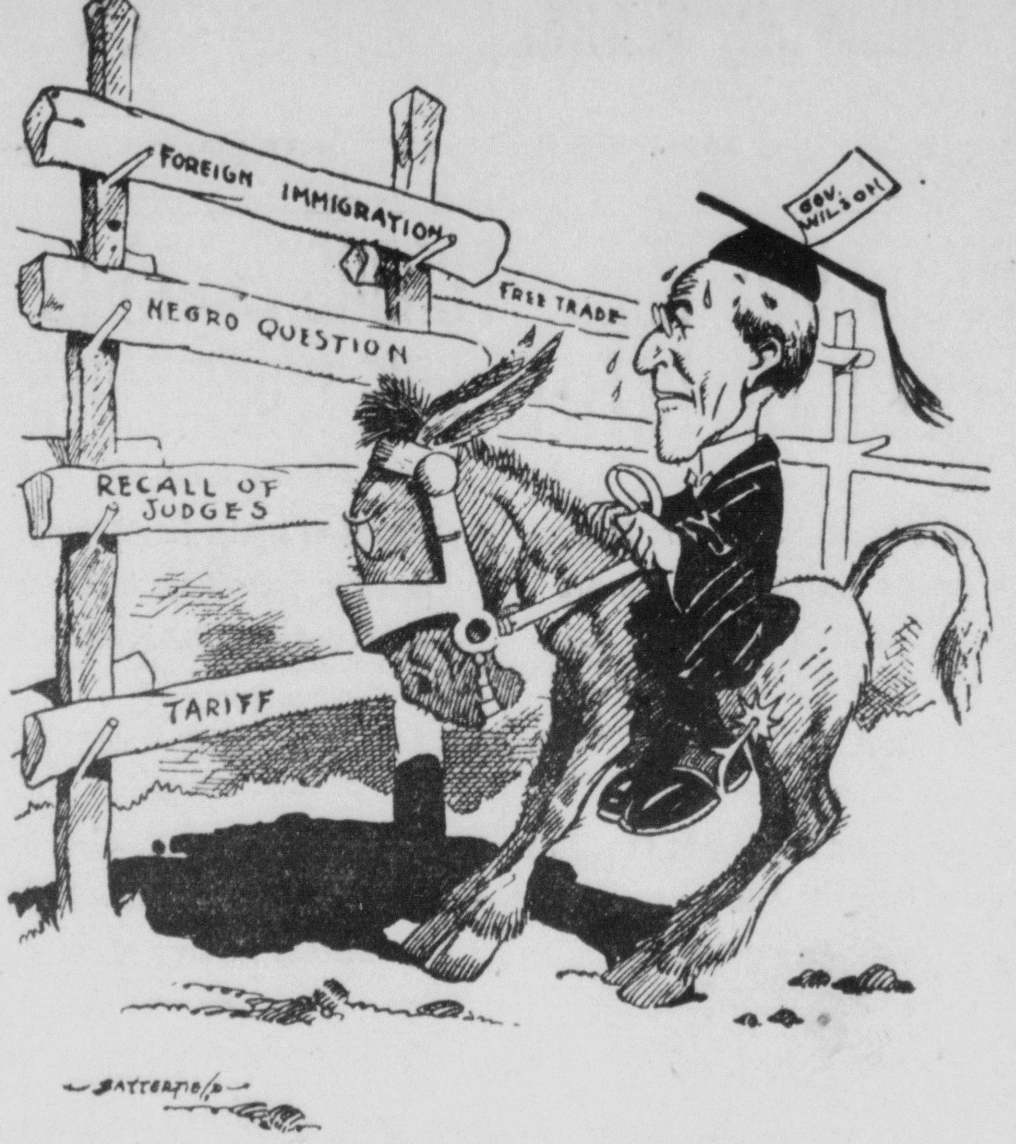
Penniless and hungry in a strange city Audin several hours later was obliged to appeal to the police for a meal and lodging.

HIGH HEELS COST $7,000

Catch in Fire Escape at Telephone Company's Drill, so Stairs Are Built.

Denver, Colo.—The Mountain States Telephone company is constructing at its Denver headquarters a $7,000 fire escape just because its operators wear high-heeled shoes. In a recent practice drill 100 of the girl operators were required to try their skill at descending a fire escape, and it was found that many of their heels caught in the holes in the iron platforms and steps. In case of fire this would probably prove disastrous. One-half of the girls became dizzy climbing down the escape. To obviate all of these difficulties the company is building a $7,000 stairway that is bricked in and stands apart from the building.

UP AGAINST THE HURDLES



America's Future Development

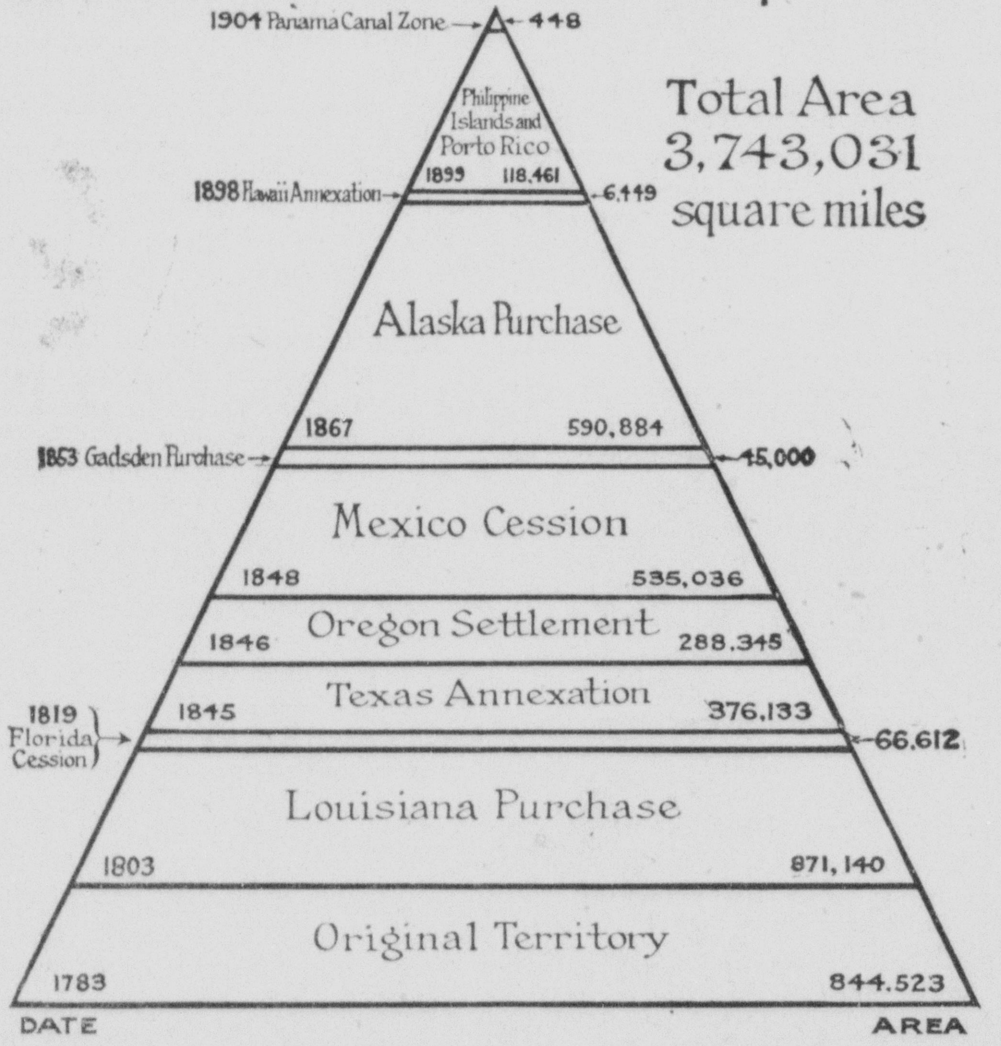
By CHARLES STELZLE

THE United States has today an area nearly four and a half times as great as it was in 1783. In 1803, with the Louisiana purchase, the territory of this country was more than doubled. Steadily we have grown until in 1904 the Panama canal zone of 448 square miles was acquired. This latest acquisition will mean more to the United States than the mere saving of time in transporting freight. It will some day figure significantly in commanding the Pacific ocean, the future battleground of the world, for in this arena Russia, Japan, China and the United States will determine whether the world is to be dominated by the Anglo-Saxon race or by a nation which is foreign to most of the ideals which have made America great and powerful.

Thomas Carlyle once said, "Ye may boast o' yer dimocracy or any ither 'cracy or any kind o' poleetical roobish, but the reason why yer laboring folk are so happy is that ye have a vost deal o' land for a verra few people." But the day has gone by when the poor man can secure free land. We have reached the limit in this respect. We are facing a situation similar to that in many foreign lands. We have become land impoverished through our foolish generosity. Today by the mere fact of his arrival every immigrant increases the value of the land in the United States by $500. Every newborn babe has the same effect upon land values. Rents for the workingmen in our big cities have become exorbitant. The percentage of the renting farmers is increasing. In spite of our remarkable growth in land area there is a famine of land for the poor, and the poor—the people on the margin—determine the status and the standards for the whole people with regard to national prosperity and happiness. The land question is one of the greatest importance and must be reckoned with by our statesmen.

GROWTH OF THE UNITED STATES

Date of Accession and Area in Square Miles



The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

COOKING CAULIFLOWERS.

THE new cauliflowers are delicious in flavor and so tender that they melt in the mouth.

When selecting a cauliflower, see that the head is a creamy white, the leaves are green and fresh and there are no dark spots on it.

How Served.

Boiled cauliflower may be served with a cream dressing or Hollandaise sauce.

It may when cold be broken into pieces, sprinkled with grated cheese, cracker crumbs moistened with melted butter and baked until brown.

Salads may be made with cauliflower combined with other vegetables, or the vegetable may be served alone as a salad with mayonnaise dressing.

Cauliflower au Gratin.—Take a medium sized cauliflower and boil until tender. Make a cream sauce by putting a heaping tablespoonful of butter into the baking dish, adding two tablespoonfuls of flour when the butter is melted. Then add half a teaspoonful of salt and a scant pint of milk. Cut the cauliflower into very small pieces, salt and drop into sauce. Stir all together and sprinkle a layer of bread crumbs on top, putting lumps of butter over the surface. Cook in the oven thirty minutes.

With Another Vegetable.

Cauliflower and Tomatoes. — Take some fresh, firm tomatoes. Remove the skins and slice them. Boil a small cauliflower till it is tender enough to break into sprigs. Take two or three hard boiled eggs and cut into slices, being careful not to break the yolks. Shred some endive. Chop as fine as possible a sprig of parsley and the same quantity of mint. Set a layer of tomatoes at the bottom of a dish, then slices of white of egg, then sprigs of cauliflower. Sprinkle with the endive and repeat the layers. Make a good oil and vinegar dressing and serve.

Cauliflower and White Sauce.—After the cauliflower is cleaned boil until tender in water flavored with a little salt and a half tablespoonful of butter. Pour over it a white sauce made as follows: Rub one-eighth pound of butter with one level tablespoonful of flour, a dash of salt and pepper and about one-half cupful of warm water. Set on the fire and simmer, but do not let it boil. Remove and add juice of one-half lemon, a little chopped parsley and a little grated nutmeg.

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.

HER PURSE SAFE IN CORSET

Woman Saves Her Money Because Her Ticklishness Starts Too Much Row for Robbers.

Kansas City, Mo.—Being ticklish saved Mrs. Francis Justine from losing her purse to robbers and a meeting that might have been terrifying turned into an amusing affair. She was on her way home when two armed men commanded her to walk back with them to the shadow of a warehouse.

"We want money, that's all," they said. "So throw up your hands."

She obeyed and informed them that her purse was tucked in the top of her corset under her arm. One of the men tore open her waist and thrust in a hand. It came out in a hurry to clap over the woman's mouth, as she screamed "Don't!"

"I didn't mean to cry out that way," she laughed, as the hand dropped and gave her a chance to speak, "but I'm awfully ticklish and I just can't stand it."

The continued efforts of the men to find the purse, while Mrs. Justine's protecting arm wouldn't stay up, threw her into fits of laughter, which so disturbed the robbers that, as she sank to the pavement they ran. The policeman who came up as she rose and brushed her dress found her very gleeful over her experience.

BIRDS IN CHURCH SERVICE

Novel Idea of a Pastor Adds Greatly to Harmonies of the Choir and Congregation.

Venice, N. Y.—Canaries, caroling an unusual accompaniment to the organ and choir, were used in the Venice Union church the other night as an aid to righteousness. The pastor, the Rev. Fenwicke L. Holmes, decided to surprise his flock with the unique plan.

The congregation accordingly filed into a church brightened by the melody of a dozen pretty yellow birds, imported from Germany, their cages swinging at advantageous points high above the heads of the worshipers.

The canaries interrupted the Rev. Holmes' sermon very little. But when the choir and the congregation arose to sing hymns, the feathered songsters burst forth into musical cadences which greatly enhanced the human praises of the Creator.

The Rev. Mr. Holmes does not know that canaries were ever used before at church services, but he thinks them a great help to sincere worship. They will be used every Sunday hereafter

INDIANS TRY A NEW CURE

Strange Shaker Cult Taken Up by Them Abjures Medicine, Tobacco and Profanity.

Husum, Wash.—"Timothy George," an Indian rancher living near here, is an enthusiastic exponent of a religious sect called "Shakers." The order was founded in Olympia some seventeen years ago, and now several Indian tribes throughout the northwest have become Shakers. One redeeming feature of the order is that a member does not swear, drink, smoke or use profane language. The Yakima Indians boast of over 500 members belonging to the order, while the Klickitats in this county include 60 members.

When asked what composed the virtues of the Shaker creed, Timothy George replied, with much waving of the arms:

"We all good Indians. Help one another. When one sick we all shake his hands. Shake all the time until he gets well. No medicine. We also shake hands with each other when some one sick. That makes him well. We take care of family when some one sick. All good Indians."

YOUTH EATEN BY A SHARK

Former Bellingham High School Boy Falls Victim to Tiger of the Sea.

Bellingham.—Charles Brown, nineteen years old, formerly a student in the Bellingham high school, was devoured by a shark at Salinas Cruz, Mexico, a few weeks ago. The news was brought here by Oliver Brown, a cousin.

The two young men were bathing on the beach when a large shark appeared and seized Charles by one of his legs. The boy had managed to kick himself free and had started to wade ashore when the monster renewed the attack, this time hauling the victim below the surface.

Oliver Brown called for help, and natives armed with knives waded into the water, but neither the shark nor the young man were ever seen again.

GOAT SKIPPER SINKS BOAT

Gnaws Painter, Goes Adrift, Punches Hole in Skiff and Is Drowned.

Chester, Pa.—Thomas Willis left his skiff along the banks of Chester, and a goat belonging to Amos Bell jumped into the craft. The animal chewed the painter in twain and the skiff swung around in the swift current and was some distance from the starting point in Shop creek woods when Willis returned.

When the goat saw the shore line receding he grew excited. He ran from stern to prow and back again several times, until one of his hoofs punctured the craft beneath the waterline.

The skiff quickly filled with water and sank, and the goat was drowned

FINDS LOST COLONY

Steffanson Tells Story of Discovery of Norsemen.

Explorer Sees Kin of Scandinavians Who Were Last Heard of in 1412—Also Finds Strange Bear in Arctics.

Seattle.—Vilhjalmar Stefansson, after passing more than four years in arctic exploration, returned to Seattle by steamer from Nome, Alaska, and told of his discovery of what he believes to be the descendants of the Scandinavian colonists of Greenland who were last heard of in 1412. When trade with Greenland was resumed in the seventeenth century trace of the colonists had disappeared.

With his companion, Dr. R. M. Anderson of Forest City, Iowa, Stefansson made a valuable zoological and ethnological collection, which is on the steam whaler Belvedere with Dr. Anderson and will arrive in San Francisco the first week in November on the way to the American Museum of Natural History in New York.

Stefansson and Anderson went to the arctic in 1908 by way of Winnipeg, Edmonton and down the Mackenzie river to its mouth. They were bound for Coronation Gulf, a region which is marked uninhabited on Canadian maps and which they had been warned to avoid.

Of the so-called white Eskimos he found at Coronation Gulf, Stefansson said:

"They were taller than the Greenland Eskimos, but not so tall as the Alaska Eskimos. They spoke Eskimo, though I thought I detected some Norse words. I visited thirteen groups of these people, who number probably 2,000, and saw 1,000 of them. Ten of these groups or tribes had never come into contact with whites and had not even a tradition of them.

"Between the country of the blond Eskimos and the Mackenzie is a barren strip 300 miles wide, which is never crossed by Eskimos. The Eskimos west of the strip have no knowledge of Eskimos to the east. Those to the east know there are western Eskimos, but believe them savage cannibals.

"Musk ox, polar bear and seals are abundant, and the blond Eskimos live well. Many of them have eyes as blue as my own. A great many of the men have sandy or red beards. They have no tradition of their ancestry."

Stefansson passed the first winter at the mouth of Colville river, Alaska; the second at Cape Parry, the third on Coronation Gulf and Victoria Land, and the fourth at Cape Parry.

In his collection are the skins, skulls and leg bones of nineteen barren ground grizzly bears. Only one barren ground grizzly is in any museum.

INTERESTING RELIC IS FOUND

Oxen Yoke Bearing Date of 1850 Picked Up Near the Ancient Emigrant Trail.

Placerville, Cal.—Campers near the summit of the Sierra Nevadas discovered a relic of "the days of old, the days of gold, the days of '49." It is a yoke for oxen and was lying near the long-ago abandoned emigrant trail.

Over this trail came thousands of persons from the eastern states and foreign shores. Along the almost obliterated trail are still to be seen remnants of prairie schooners, here and there a rough hewed tombstone, each in itself a chapter in the life of some pioneer.

The yoke has stamped on it a date, "1850," and several initials which the elements have made indecipherable. The yoke was made of oak and has withstood the rains and snows of sixty-two winters remarkably well.

It will be placed in the Native Sons' Home at Coloma as a part of the collection of "days of '49" curios.

FIRE FROM SILKEN THREADS

Their Friction Causes a Bad Explosion at Chester, Pa., Injuring Two.

Chester, Pa.—By an odd explosion of 300 gallons of gasoline two persons were injured and the cleaning and dyeing establishment of Joseph Focaccio, at Eighth street and Edgemont avenue, was destroyed by fire. The injured are Focaccio, the proprietor, and Carson Miles, an employe, the latter being seriously burned on the head, face and back. He was taken to the Chester hospital.

Two alarms were sent in, and the entire fire department worked for an hour in saving the property.

Friction between silken threads in a cleaning machine is believed to have ignited the gasoline. The loss is about $2,000.

LOOT CACHED IN BEDROOM

Confessed Robber of Wealthy Homes Tells Police Where to Find Hidden Booty.

Larchmont, N. Y.—A cache of loot taken from the homes of wealthy residents here and in Marmaronek was found in a furnished room on Third avenue, New York city, following the confession at Larchmont of a man calling himself Paul Rossnan. He was caught by Chief of Detectives O'Neill of Larchmont, who found that Rossnan's shoes fitted tracks left near a number of houses that have been robbed lately. The stuff in Rossnan's room was worth $4,000.

NO DANGER OF A CIVIL WAR

Rival Factions In China Not Fomenting Trouble.

DR. SUN GIVES HIS VIEWS

Chinese Liberator Sets at Rest Certain Reports That Have Been Circulated in America and Europe Tending to Create the Impression That He and Yuan Were So Completely at Loggerheads That War Was Imminent.

Nanking, Sept. 24.—Recently cabled to England and repeated in the American press were sensational reports of the mysterious disappearance of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the former provisional president of China. Coupled with this report was the rumor that he had quarrelled with the president of China and that he had been put to death by a band of assassins. Dr. Sun promptly stamped these rumors as designed inventions by the enemies of China.

"The relation between President Yuan and myself are personally very cordial," he declared. "It is true that we do not agree upon all matters of public policy, but our differences are those which the world expects to find among its public men. I believe I can safely say that upon one matter of first importance all the leaders in China are of one mind: The best good of the country.

An Intreesting Comparison.

"No one thinks of civil war in the United States simply because Mr. Taft, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Roosevelt do not agree on matters of public policy. Each of these gentlemen is certainly a true American and a patriot of a very high order. Yet there are—if my knowledge of American affairs is worthy—many great and vital issues upon which they disagree totally. May it not be so in China?"

"I have but within a few hours returned from a visit to the capital; to which, if foreign journals are to be credited, I hardly dared visit because of the personal danger I would run. It is too bad; it is wicked indeed that such ideas should be published broadcast."

"I wish to go on record," he continues, "once and for all as saying that in spite of the efforts, past or future, of the enemies of the Chinese republic, there will be no civil war in our country. China has been credited with having been a 'sleeping nation' for centuries, and in a certain sense—in many senses, in fact, the phrase has been correctly applied. But our enemies must not count too confidently upon China as being asleep today. Her leaders are awake to the needs of her people, to the call of the Twentieth century, to the hopes and ambitions of the present.

"We understand too well that men of power—not to include at present certain nations—would view with a greater or lesser satisfaction an internal rupture in the new republic. They would welcome as a move to the accomplishment of their own ends and designs a civil war between the provinces of the north and the south, just as fifty years ago there was applause in secret (in certain quarters) over the terrible strife in the United States.

In Light of History.

"Had that war been successful from the south's standpoint and had two separate republics been established, is it not likely that perhaps half a dozen or more weak nations would eventually have been established? I believe that such would have been the result, and I further believe that with the one great nation divided politically and commercially, outsiders would have stepped in sooner or later and made of America their own. And I feel that we have just such enemies abroad as the American republic had and that at certain capitals the most welcome announcement that could be made would be that of a rebellion in China against the constituted authorities.

"However, foreign ill-wishers may as well understand first as last—perhaps better now—that the men who are at the forefront of Chinese affairs are a unit for the republic as established, and cannot be brought, individually or in factions, to oppose the onward march of the Chinese nation.

"I believe I am voicing the sentiment of a united and unanimous people when I warn troublemakers at home or abroad that the Chinese nation has joined the great family of republics to remain a member thereof at whatever cost or sacrifice."

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York	61	Cloudy
Boston	60	Cloudy
Denver	46	Cloudy
San Francisco	54	Clear
St. Paul	44	Pt. Cloudy
Chicago	66	Clear
Indianapolis	65	Clear
St. Louis	68	Clear
New Orleans	78	Clear
Washington	66	Rain

Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers.

CHRISTY MATHEWSON.

"Big Six" Will Be Chief Twirler In World Series.

Photo by American Press Association.

WILL REPUBLICANS INDORSE STRAUS?

Interesting Movement On Foot at Saratoga.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 24.—In a maze are the Republicans over their candidate for governor. When former Speaker James W. Wadsworth, jr., arrived he went into immediate consultation with his friends. It was particularly observed that he rather cottoned to President Koenig and Herbert Parsons of New York county. It is in that county it is expected that ex-Judge Job E. Hedges is to develop marked strength. All told, ex-Judge Hedge's friends declare that he is to start with 300 delegates, some of his strength coming from Kings and much additional support coming from upstate counties. Mr. Wadsworth announced when told of Judge Hedges's reported strength: "I certainly don't know how many delegates I have, but I am going to stay in this race to the end. I want that nomination."

While ex-Speaker Wadsworth is very popular with many of the Republican leaders and the delegates, they state that it would be exceedingly risky to nominate him. William ... Smith, the leader of Tioga county, is a strong advocate of Hedges. He said: "The farmers of western New York want Hedges."

The Orange county delegation has been engineering a movement to bring about the nomination for governor of Oscar S. Straus, who was nominated recently by the Progressive state convention. Quite a bunch of delegates are in hearty sympathy with the Straus movement.

Chairman Barnes and his friends stated that it would not be possible to nominate Mr. Straus. They did not believe that the delegates desired to indorse any act of the Bull Moose convention. William Berri continues his activities for a direct nominations plank in the platform, but Chairman Barnes and others will not accept the plank unless forced to do so.

Had Been Drinking.

Monon, Ind., Sept. 24.—Thomas Jones, aged twenty-three, a stone worker, was killed by a Monon train here. He had been drinking and was warned to keep away from the tracks.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The American Association's baseball season has closed, the pennant going to the Minneapolis team.

Duke Franz Joseph of Bavaria, brother of the reigning duke, is dead from malignant inflammation of the throat. He was twenty-four years old.

The entire Sixth company of the First foot guards of the Prussian army has been courtmartialed on the charge of cheating in a shooting competition.

Prejudice against the importation of negro labor into Muskogee county, Oklahoma, resulted in a pitched battle and three men were wounded, two fatally.

The eighteen balloons which started from Paris Sunday in the Aero club's grand prix all landed safely. The longest duration flight was of eighteen hours.

It has just been announced that the common house and body louse is the latest known carrier and perhaps the greatest of all carriers of typhoid fever.

With the approach of the Cuban presidential election in view the news from many parts of the island tell of political bloodshed. One man has been killed and six wounded.

The gossip concerning the kaiser's alleged estrangement from his son Crown Prince Frederick Wilhelm, has been revived. It is said that father and son never correspond when apart and hardly ever speak when they meet.

POLICE INQUIRY GROWING WARM

James Creelman Passes Lie On Witness Stand.

COUNSEL FOR THE COMMITTEE

Was Flatly Contradicted by the President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, Who Also Takes Direct Issue With Waldo and Refers to Investigation as a "Petty Little Republican Ring Affair."

New York, Sept. 24.—On the witness stand at the aldermanic investigation, James Creelman, president of the municipal civil service commission, called Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the committee, a liar.

He referred to the investigation as a "petty little Republican political ring affair." And he contradicted under oath the sworn testimony of Commissioner Waldo, who had said he turned over to Mr. Creelman for investigation the papers in all cases of men whom he appointed to the police department after they had been rejected by Commissioner Cropsey. Mr. Cropsey had refused to make the appointments on the basis of reports by the police investigation bureau, which Commissioner Waldo abolished.

Commissioner Waldo had sworn that he turned over to Mr. Creelman the papers in all the disputed cases so that the civil service commission might make the proper investigations. Commissioner Creelman swore on the stand that Commissioner Waldo had taken to the offices of the civil service commission papers in, as he recalled, forty-seven cases and had selected out of that number some ten cases. These latter papers he had taken away with him, never turning them over to the civil service commission, the witness said. In a number of the remaining thirty-seven cases, Mr. Creelman stated, Commissioner Waldo had asked that the names be recertified, and this request had been complied with without investigation by the civil service commission.

In the case which remained two methods of disposition were employed. In a part of these cases the applicants were called before the commission and questioned by President Creelman. Each applicant was asked to explain false statements he had made in his affidavit, and in practically every case he pleaded that he had not understood the question on the affidavit as to whether or not he had ever been arrested.

Mr. Creelman became incensed at a question and interpolated a statement in which he characterized as a lie the remark made by Mr. Buckner in the examination of Mayor Gaynor regarding an increase in the rates for burglary insurance in New York, saying that he declined to be examined further by a liar, referred to the lying reports of the police investigation bureau, called the aldermanic investigation a "petty little Republican ring political affair," and called Alderman Dowling a liar when the Republican alderman objected to such characterizations.

CALLS ON HILLES

President Taft Drops in on His Campaign Manager.

Washington, Sept. 24.—President Taft left here at 10 o'clock this morning for New York, where he will have a conference with Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican national committee. Mr. Taft will arrive in New York about 3:30 o'clock and will go to the home of his brother, H. W. Taft, for dinner. In the evening he will attend the theater and will leave at 11:30 for Altoona, where he will address the meeting of the loyal war governors. He will leave Altoona tomorrow afternoon for Philadelphia, where his private car will be attached to the Colonial express bound for Boston. The president is due in Boston early Thursday morning.

CALLS FOR FACTS

Perkins Asks That Hilles's Testimony Be Demanded.

New York, Sept. 24.—George W. Perkins has written a letter in which he accuses Charles D. Hilles, the Taft campaign manager, of telling a "plain downright lie" in saying "Roosevelt spent millions of dollars of harvester trust money to gain the Republican nomination." In another letter he asked Senator Moses Clapp to call Mr. Hilles as a witness before the committee that is investigating campaign gifts, "in order that Mr. Hilles may be required to testify fully as to this charge that he makes."

Wilson Off For New England.

Sea Girt, N. J., Sept. 24.—Governor Woodrow Wilson yesterday afternoon went by automobile to Trenton to board his private car for Scranton, where he last night opened the Pennsylvania campaign. The nominees of the Pennsylvania state ticket were officially notified of their selection on the same occasion. The governor voted in the primaries at Princeton today and then started for New England for a three days' trip.

BUCK O'BRIEN.

Will Pitch For Boston In the Coming World Series.

Photo by American Press Association.

SOME MORE STANDARD OIL CORRESPONDENCE

Joe Sibley Had a Friendly Tip for Archbold.

New York, Sept. 24.—Hearst's Magazine for October, under the heading "More Standard Oil Letters," gives further evidence of the efficacy of Standard Oil cash in purchasing legislation. Here is a sample:

House of Representatives,
Washington, Wednesday, Jan. 6. 1904.

My Dear Archbold: Your telegram received. Sorry you cannot run over for a day. Think it most important for you to know the situation. The president was delighted to know that he had been misled as to the attitude of the S. O. Co., or rather "delighted" to know that the report was untrue. I think you can put in a very profitable hour over here. I know who told him, but I cannot repeat it.

I asked you and Mr. Rogers a question at the lunch table yesterday that, if you chance to remember it, may afford a clue. I much prefer that you learn the situation from the president's own lips and not from me. He urged strongly that you come over and meet him and said he wanted you at luncheon, where he could have a quiet talk with you. I cannot solve the motives of the ones who put him on the wrong tack, but he was there and told me the story so far as I would let him do so; I finally said, "Please do not tell me, but if Mr. Archbold comes over you tell him."

In official life the invitation of the president is regarded in the nature of a command, and our friend probably construes it so, as strongly as anyone."

Should you wish to meet him, or wish not to do so, please tell me, and I will make excuse or arrangements, as you indicate.

If you cannot run over this week, can you come next? You will get a first-class reception, and will have a great surprise. I shall keep track of matters here and will advise you of any matters of general interest. The puzzle, however, is no longer a Washington but a New York one, and the New York situation is Greek to me.

Please command me in any way, and believe me, sincerely yours,

JOS. C. SIBLEY.

In another letter to Archbold, dated Washington, Nov. 23, 1903, and marked confidential, Sibley says in part:

"My Dear Mr. A.—A Rep. U. S. senator came to me today to make a loan of $1,000. I told him I did not have it, but would try and get it for him, and would let him know in a day or two. Do you want to make the investment? He is one who will do anything in the world that is right for his friends, if ever needed. Please telegraph me yes or no."

T. R. Continues Southern Trip.

Joplin, Mo., Sept. 24.—When Colonel Roosevelt left Joplin last night he began the most difficult task he has yet undertaken—that of breaking into the solid Democratic south, his trip yet to include Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina.

THE NATIONAL GAME

Contests in the Three Big Leagues Noted Here at a Glance.

National League.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Cincinnati.. 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 2 0—6 10 4
Boston..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 0 *—7 12 0

Suggs and Severoid; Hess and Rariden.

At Brooklyn—, R.H.E.
St. Louis... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2 5 3
Brooklyn... 0 0 1 1 4 0 1 0 *—7 8 1

Griner and Wingo; Knetzer and Miller.

American League.

No games scheduled.

American Association.

Season closed.

FEELS NEED OF SECOND PANEL

Government Preparing Carefully for Dynamite Trial.

HUNDRED NAMES NOW DRAWN

That Many of the Men Named in the First Panel of Jurymen in the Important Cases to Be Heard at Indianapolis Will Be Barred, Seems So Well Assured That a Second List of Fifty Has Been Named.

Indianapolis, Sept. 24.—That the choosing of a jury for the dynamite conspiracy cases pending in the federal court, which will start Oct. 1, will consume much time and that many of the men named in the first panel of jurymen will not prove satisfactory to the attorneys of both sides, seems to be assured. So sure of this are those closely connected with the trial that a second panel has been drawn to be used after the first panel, chosen a month ago, is exhausted.

The second panel, as did the first, includes fifty men. Those whose names were drawn live in different parts of the state, and will be notified by the United States marshal.

Secret preparations for the trial have been going on for months. Just how many witnesses have been subpoenaed, many guesses have been made, but no official announcement has been given to the public. However, it was unofficially stated at the office of United States Attorney Miller that the list of witnesses might reach 600. Who these are is being kept secret until the time of the trial.

W. N. Harding, who has charge of the defense of the fifty-one indicted men who will be tried for conspiracy in the dynamite plot, and other attorneys who are assisting him, are giving their undivided attention to the case. The defendants will begin coming to Indianapolis this week for interviews with their attorneys. Mr. Harding acknowledged that all would be in Indianapolis two days before the starting of the trial, Oct. 1. Further than to say the defense would be ready when the trial opens, Oct. 1, Mr. Harding would make no statement.

DECLARES INNOCENCE

Mrs. Epps Says Deathbed Confession Clears Her Name.

Huntington, Ind., Sept. 24.—Mrs. Charlotte Epps, who served twenty-three years for the murder of her husband, John Epps, plans to bring legal action to clear her name and to seek damages from the state for false arrest and imprisonment. The action is based on the alleged deathbed confession of Ed Meis, half brother of Epps, who, according to the woman, gave Epps poison.

Mrs. Epps was convicted and sent to prison in 1883. In 1905 she was released on parole. Her conviction was on circumstantial evidence only, and she has always stoutly maintained her innocence. With the confession of Meis, of which she says she has proof, she plans to reopen the case.

Meis lived with Mr. and Mrs. Epps. He endeavored to obtain some of Epps's property. Epps died suddenly and mysteriously, and his viscera showed traces of poison. Mrs. Epps was convicted on the theory that she had tried to get control of her husband's property.

Woman Gave the Alarm.

Anderson, Ind., Sept. 24.—Mont Justice, aged twenty-six, on parole from the reformatory for the theft of a laprobe, was captured by the police while he was in the act of robbing William Rank's grocery. Justice broke the glass in the door. A woman living opposite the store heard the crash and saw a man crawling through the door. The woman telephoned to police headquarters and the police surrounded the store and arrested Justice.

Double Tragedy at Clinton.

Clinton, Ind., Sept. 24.—Mrs. J. L. Church, divorced wife of Grover Jackson, a miner, was shot and killed by Jackson. He then blew out his own brains. The tragedy occurred at the Church home. Mrs. Church obtained a divorce about a month ago and married J. L. Church, a liveryman, who was absent at the time of the shooting. Mrs. Church was twenty-two years old.

Shortage of Laborers.

Indianapolis, Sept. 24.—"We could use 500 men today if we could find them," said Oswald Stahn, clerk in the state's free employment bureau at the statehouse. "Incessant calls for factory and railroad laborers are reaching the office every hour and there apparently are no men for the jobs that are waiting for them."

Thief Made Rich Haul.

Lafayette, Ind., Sept. 24.—A robber made a rich haul at the office of the Lafayette Artificial Ice company when he worked the combination of the safe and obtained $1,200 in cash and $500 in checks.

Suicide of a Farmer.

Lebanon, Ind., Sept. 24.—James W. Nicely, a farmer of Jackson township, this county, swallowed two ounces of carbolic acid and died in a half hour after taking the acid.

FREDERICK M. DAVENPORT

Nominee For Second Place on New York Bull Moose Ticket.

Photo by American Press Association.

SEARCHED EVERYONE FOR POSSIBLE ARMS

Strict Precautions Taken at the Snead Hearing.

Amarillo, Tex., Sept. 24.—In Judge Browning's courtroom twenty deputies stood guard during the habeas corpus hearing of John Beal Snead, who on Sept. 14 shot and killed here Al Boyce, who eloped with Snead's wife last winter. Every person entering the courtroom, man or woman, was searched for firearms. Snead appeared in the courtroom showing no emotion and still wearing a beard, which was the disguise he affected upon approaching Boyce.

Members of the Boyce family were only fifteen feet from him, but between them was a barrier of attorneys, deputies and friends. There was no outward show of enmity. Snead continues to smoke his cigarettes. Witnesses described the actual killing and Snead's appearance at the time. The hearing will last for four or five days.

NATURE'S HINT

How the Absence of Clothes Levels All Social Ranks.

Vienna, Sept. 24.—The levelling influence of nakedness has had a serious and at the same time comic result in the Hungarian baths at Budapest. Count Karl Esterhazy, returning from a dip, was entering his dressing cabinet when he collided with Ladislas Racz, the thirty-sixth son of the so-called "Gypsy King."

Both of the men being undressed, there was nothing to differentiate their social position. The count, being angry with Racz for bumping him, slapped his face. The gypsy thereupon seized the count and hurled him through a glass door, the nobleman being severely cut.

Racz was horrified when he learned of his victim's identity, and Count Esterhazy in turn was furious on hearing that his assailant was a gypsy, the count's social rank making it impossible for him to fight a duel with his bathing opponent.

Pulpit Orator Coming.

Indianapolis, Sept. 24.—The Rev. John Wesley Hill of New York, president of the International Peace Forum, will make Republican speeches in Indiana next week.

Paid the Extreme Penalty.

Boston, Sept. 24.—Chester S. Jordan, the Somerville wife murderer, was executed in the Massachusetts state prison early this morning.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.

Wheat—Wagon, $1.00; No. 2 red, $1.02. Corn—No. 3, 77½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 35½c. Hay—Baled, $14.00@16.00; timothy, $12.00@15.00; mixed, $12.00 @ 13.00. Cattle—$3.00 @ 10.25. Hogs—$5.00@8.70. Sheep—$3.00@3.75. Lambs—$5.00@7.00. Receipts—2,500 hogs; 500 cattle; 500 sheep.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.07. Corn—No. 2, 74½c. Oats—No. 2, 35c. Cattle—$4.00@8.25. Hogs—$5.00@8.75. Sheep—$1.25@3.40. Lambs—$3.50@6.90.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.06. Corn—No. 3, 73c. Oats—No. 2, [illegible] Cattle—Steers, $4.00@11.00; stockers and feeders, $4.00@7.60. Hogs—$5.50@[illegible] Sheep—$4.50@4.75. Lambs—$[illegible]@7.30.

At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.05. Corn—No. 2, 71c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—Steers, $5.00@10.30. Hogs—$5.75@8.85. Sheep—$3.50@4.75. Lambs—$4.35@7.65.

At East Buffalo.

Cattle—$3.50@9.50. Hogs—$5.00@[illegible]1.05. Sheep—$2.50@5.00. Lambs—$4.[illegible]@7.75.

Wheat at Toledo.

Dec., [illegible] May, [illegible] cash, [illegible]

A Word To The Unshod

We mean by that, the un-well-shod. Kindly step out of this class, it's only carelessness. It's not because you need the money so badly. When you dress, dress from the ground up and let your shoes be a good looking foundation. We give you 100 per cent. value for your money.

W.N.FOX
Electric Shoe Shop
120 E. Second St., Seymour, Ind.

Flower Bulbs
Sacred Lilies,
Double Tulips,
Hyacinths,
Narcissus,
Crocus.

Coal Hods from 10cts up.

THE BEE HIVE
PHONE 62

BENNETTS BAZAAR

SPECIAL NOTICE

We are now ready for the Fall trade with a new line of Dry Goods, Blankets, Outing Flannels, Sweater Coats and Hosiery.

Ladies' Suits, Cloaks, Skirts and Dresses made to order at the right prices. Specials in 5 and 10 cents goods. See our line Queensware and Granite ware before you buy.

Bennett's Bazaar

"How are your Eyes?"

This is a most important question for the young or the old of either sex, and the sooner it is considered the better. If you are troubled with faulty vision, with black spots or floating specks before the eyes, it will be to your advantage and safety to have the defection attended to without delay. We are professional opticians, and can examine your eyes correctly and prescribe for you the right kind of glasses. The wrong kind will injure you.

Geo. F. Kamman
With T. M. JACKSON, Jeweler

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.	
One Year	$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10
WEEKLY	
One Year in Advance	$1.00

TUESDAY, SEPT. 24, 1912.

NATIONAL TICKET.

President,
William H. Taft,
of Ohio.
Vice President,
James S. Sherman,
of New York.

STATE TICKET.

Governor,
Winfield T. Durbin, of Anderson.
Lieutenant Governor,
Thomas T. Moore, of Greencastle.
Auditor of State,
I. Newt Brown, of Franklin.
State Treasurer,
Job Freeman, of Terre Haute.
Secretary of State,
Fred I. King, of Wabash.
Attorney General,
F. H. Wurzer, of South Bend.
Reporter of Supreme Court.
Warwick H. Ripley, of Indianapolis.
State Statistician,
J. L. Peetz, of Indianapolis.
Supt. of Public Instruction,
Samuel C. Ferrell, of Fort Wayne.
Supreme Judge First District,
Judge Woodfin Robinson, of Evansville.
Supreme Judge, Fourth District,
Leander J. Monks, present incumbent.
Appellate Judge,
David A. Myers, of Greensburg.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

Congressman, Fourth Congressional District,
Rollin A. Turner,
of Decatur County.

SENATORIAL TICKET.

James Yoder, of Brown.

COUNTY TICKET.

Representative,
John H. Conner, of Jackson.
Auditor,
Leonard C. Huffington, of Carr.
Treasurer,
Charles Brand, of Jackson.
Sheriff,
Frank Boas, of Driftwood.
Coroner,
N. G. Harrod, of Grassy Fork.
Surveyor,
Bruce Bard, of Vernon.
Commissioners:
East,
Benj. Carter, of Jackson.
West,
William Armbruster, of Salt Creek.

THE REASON.

The following from the Hope Journal, is one of the best arguments from the farmer's standpoint for the reelection of President Taft that has come to the notice of The Republican:

"Are you a Bull Mooser? Was the question propounded to John G. Gartin, a farmer near Burney, by one of his neighbors. John replied, 'Give me your pencil and I will write down my answer,' and this is what he wrote:

" 'I sold 81 cattle at 9 cents, weighed at home, and 70 hogs at 8 cents, weighed at home. My wheat was sold from machine for seed at $1.25 per bushel and clover seed sold for $10 per bushel. Why should I be?'

"Mr. Gartin sold a pair of mares for $600 which confirmed him in belief that no change was needed."

Every farmer in Bartholomew county who has had a surplus of farm products to sell can duplicate the experience of Mr. Gartin. It passes understanding how any intelligent farmer can conscientiously oppose a national administration under which such marked prosperity has reigned and why they would dare menace the prosperous conditions that exist for the prospective return of Cleveland times which would be sure to come under the tariff-for-revenue-only or free trade policy that would be ushered in with Woodrow Wilson. All must realize that every former republican vote cast against President Taft's reelection is favorable to a return to the panicky times under Cleveland, when farm products brought scarcely a third of what they bring today, for the simple reason that the great body of American workmen was largely idle—forced to idleness by closed factories and shops. The farmer and the laboring man go hand in hand. The prosperity of the one is reflected upon the other. The laboring men of the country must be employed or the farmer gets less for his products. The laboring men's job must have the protection of the tariff policy maintained by the republican party to insure his employment at good wages. Woodrow Wilson is an out and out free trader and would put the American laborer on par with the pauper labor of the old world; he would flood this country with the pauper-made products from abroad; he would take down the tariff protection afforded the grain and stock growers of the United States and put all on a level with the poorest of the poor foreign countries, and it is just this prospect that causes the Burney farmer to make the figures that proves him to be alive to his own interests and that of his fellow farmers and incidentally of all the people of the United States who labor for a livelihood.—Columbus Republican.

W. M. JONES
General Blacksmithing
AND HORSE SHOEING
205 S. Chestnut St., Seymour, Indiana

THE SHORT COURSE

Purdue University has made it known that it desires to conduct a Farmers' Short Course in Seymour sometime this winter. Similar courses were conducted in a number of places in the state last year and from all reports they were of a high educational value and proved exceedingly helpful to the farmers. Such a course has never been held in this county and it is undoubtedly true that many valuable suggestions could be given at these meetings.

While these courses are primarily for the benefit of agriculturists, the citizens should join hands with the farmers to have the courses given here and to make them a pronounced success. The farmers and the residents of the city should work hand in hand in this move for as this is principally an agricultural district business conditions are improved according to the prosperity of the farm. The time has passed when a farm can be conducted successfully upon any haphazard plan. It must be conducted according to scientific and progressive methods and with the same degree of carefulness that a business man uses in his store. New methods are being adopted each day whereby larger and better crops can be grown and the expense of operation reduced to a minimum. These are important items in farming as well as in business.

The men who are at the head of the agricultural department have given the question of modern agriculture close attention and are prepared and qualified to give the result of their study and preparation. Doubtless, many of the methods about which they will speak in the Short Course can be used to advantage by the farmers of our own county with the result that their returns will be larger and that they will therefore have more money to place in circulation.

The members of the Commercial Club should recognize the importance of the meeting Thursday night and with the citizens generally should attend and be willing to assist in getting the Short Course here. The expense will not be large and the farmers of course will be willing and anxious to contribute liberally.

Deduction.

"I wonder what the slender young woman works at?" says the man with the vibrant ears

"She must be a school teacher," answered the man with the deep set eyes. "I overheard her say that she tans very quickly."—Judge's Library.

Cruel Insinuation.

"Henry went to get a marriage license, but got a dog license by mistake."

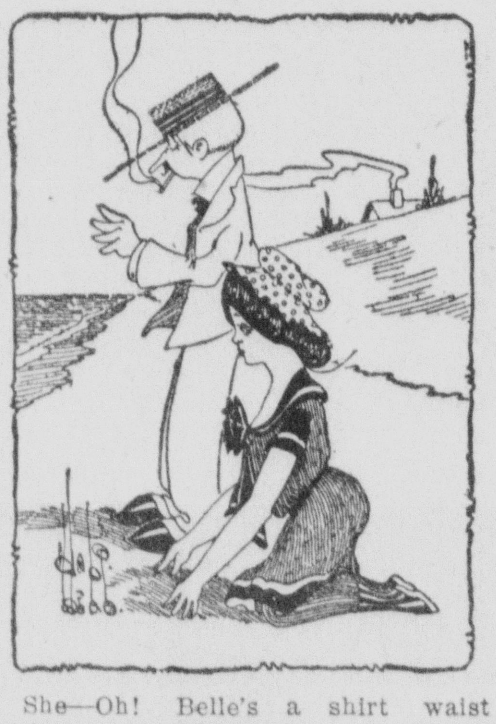
"Oh, he'll find it wasn't such a bad mistake when he starts to lead the married man's life."

A New Industry.

"Now that so many automobiles are passing your house," said the visitor, "I should think you would keep your hens shut up."

"What!" said the farmer. "And cut off my greatest income?"—Judge's Library.

SUNBURNED.



She—Oh! Belle's a shirt waist girl.

He—But she wears a coat of tan.

Not He.

Who thinks the world all right
When fish begin to bite,
Will never vex his heart
About the money mart.

The First.

A little boy who was evidently attending Sunday school for the first time, listened with much interest to the questions that were asked by the teacher and answered by the pupils. Finally he was asked:

"Who were the first man and woman?"

"Punch and Judy," he confidently replied.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

FAVORS STATE ARCHITECT.

Factory Inspector To Ask Legislature For New Department.

An amendment to the state inspection law to provide, among other things, for the employment of a state architect, will be fostered by John J. Walsh, state factory inspector. Mr. Walsh said that his plans practically are complete, and that he will present a part of them to the State Federation of Labor, which will open its session in Richmond today.

Mr. Walsh said his idea is to have a state architect who would be in a position to give an unbiased opinion on the condition of all buildings in the state, where there was a possibility of being unsafe, and one who could take charge of the construction of state buildings. Mr. Walsh added that the department he represents is called on frequently to ascertain the stability of buildings. Only the other day, he says, the owner of a three-story factory building asked the department to ascertain whether the structure was overloaded. This kind of work should be taken up by a state architect, Mr. Walsh believes.

The next Legislature will also be asked to consider the question of establishing a board, to be made up of the state architect, a sanitary engineer and the head of the State Bureau of Inspection.

The duty of this board, Mr. Walsh suggests, would be to make all fire chiefs, building inspectors and others responsible to it for their individual work. He suggests that all such officials be appointed on their merits, without regard to politics.

An effort also will be made to obtain a woman's department in the State Bureau of Inspection, two women to be employed to aid in looking after sanitary and moral conditions in all factories and workshops where women are employed. It is expected that the 1913 Legislature will be urged by Mr. Walsh and others to pass a few limiting the hours of employment for women to nine hours a day.

Mr. Walsh said he expects to ask the State Federation of Labor to adopt a resolution favoring the asking of all candidates for the Legislature whether they will aid the following program:

A law for the establishment of a board of three members to have control over every inspector in the state, the board to be nonpartisan.

A law for the formation of a woman's department in the State Bureau of Inspection.

Opposition to any amendments to be enacted to the employers' liability law or the law protecting workmen employed in dangerous occupations.

A law prohibiting women from working more than nine hours a day.

TRADE MARK
IDEAL TAILORED

Smart Suits For Fall

Exquisitely Tailored, Yet Inexpensive

It will pay you to visit our Ready-To-Wear Department now and see our displays of Tailored Suits and Dresses.

All the very latest materials and colors are among them.

Typical man-tailored models, faultlessly finished, handsomely lined throughout.

They are made up in serges, diagonal twills, whipcords and novelties.

You can satisfactorily select your garment now as the stock is nearing completeness.

Preliminary Display of Fall Millinery

The correct shapes, the fashionable colors and the popular materials are all shown in great profusion in our Millinery Department, in its new location on the Second Floor. TAKE ELEVATOR.

Much of the millinery shown in this preliminary display is the product of our own skilled milliners, copies from Eastern high priced models for early Fall Wear.

GOLD MINE DEPARTMENT STORE
SEYMOUR · INDIANA

What Do You Want!

Is it anything in the line of Hardware, Groceries, Shoes, etc. You are assured of getting just what you want if you come here.

Timothy seed is lower.
Best grade Timothy Seed now, bu. $2.50
Best grade Red Top Seed (14 lbs. to bu. now, lb. 17c
Buy a lb. of our 23c coffee and get a 28c quality.
We sell sugar in any quantity desired at 6c lb.
New crop Kennedy Rolled Oats, box 7c
White Carpet Chain, lb. 21c
Colored Carpet Chain, lb. 23c
Nice White Cotton Batts, ... 2 for 15c
Large White Cotton Batts, ... 2 for 25c
Paint your porch floors with our Hanna's Porch Floor Paint, per gallon $1.85
Linseed Oil, per gallon 80c
22 Short Cartridges, box 11c
10c bottle of Lemon or Vanilla Extract a few days only, at bottle 5c

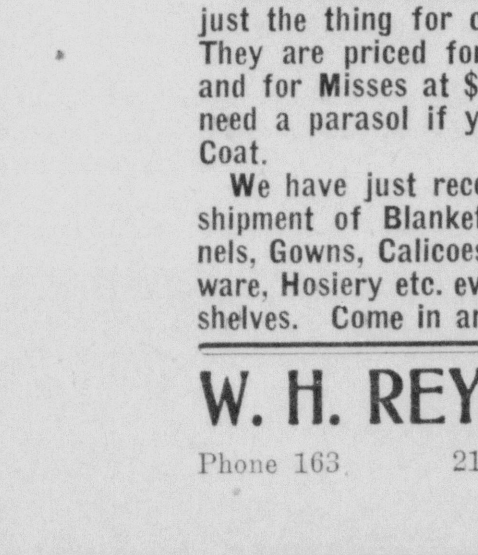
RAY R. KEACH
Seymour. East 2nd St.
EXTRA SPECIAL
$35.00 Steel Range, fully warranted, complete for $25.00

RAIN COATS for SCHOOL WEAR

These coats are extra long and are just the thing for cool, rainy days. They are priced for children at $2 and for Misses at $3.50. You don't need a parasol if you have a Rain Coat.

We have just received the largest shipment of Blankets, Outing Flannels, Gowns, Calicoes, Winter Underware, Hosiery etc. ever placed on our shelves. Come in and get prices.

W. H. REYNOLDS
Phone 163 21-23 S. Chestnut



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Every Customer Satisfied
Repair Work of All Kind
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BEAUTIFUL STYLES

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School Supplies

BOOKS, TABLETS, FOUNTAIN PENS AND PENCILS

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At T. R. CARTER'S

No. 17 East Second Street

MAYES

25 lb. bag Granulated, Sugar	$1.40
Lean family Pork per lb	12½c
Smoked Jowl Bacon, lb	12½c
Brooms from	25c to 50c
2 lbs. Crackers	15c

New Pancake Flour, Seeded Raisins, Eating Apples, Peaches, Grapes, Plums etc.

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7 West Second Street. Phone 658.

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PHONES: Office 184
Residence 677

Phone 715. Office Hours: 8-12 a. m; 1-5; 7-8 p.m.

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Practice Limited to DISEASES of the EYE and FITTING GLASSES

With STRATTON, The Jeweler, Seymour, Ind.

The Kind of Watches we sell

are those which are reliable in their performance. Unless it is a good, reliable time piece, we would not care to sell it as our reputation has been built on the kind that keep time. If you are thinking of buying a watch, call and see them, learn our prices. We will save you money, also sell them on the installment plan if you wish to buy that way.

J. G. LAUPUS, Jeweler

SUPERINTENDENT RESIGNS

Mrs. Florence McCelland Will Leave Local Hospital.

Mrs. Florence McCelland, superintendent of the Schneck Memorial Hospital, has filed her resignation to become effective Sunday. Her successor has not yet been appointed, although it is probable that an experienced nurse from Indianapolis will be selected. The hospital board has requested Mrs. McCelland to recall her resignation at two different times, but she feels assured that she can secure a position at a larger hospital where there is a larger amount of work and feels justified in her action.

Mrs. McCelland was appointed superintendent one and one half years ago at the time the hospital was opened, and she was of great assistance to the committees in purchasing the equipment and furnishings for the institution and has at all times taken an active interest in the hospital work. Several months ago she organized a school for undergraduate nurses and this has proven most valuable to the nurses as well as to the hospital. Each morning she conducts classes and once a month the local physicians meet with the school to see how the work is progressing and to make any suggestions for the betterment of the course of study.

Mrs. McCelland will leave Monday for Indianapolis where she will attend a meeting of the Superintendent of Nurses of Indiana hospitals. The board regrets that she is to leave the institution, but appreciates the work which she has done for the betterment and improvement of the hospital.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore, was through here this morning in his special car on his way home from Kansas City, Mo. The car was attached to passenger train No. 4 on the B. & O.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. J. H. Andrews spent today in Indianapolis.

Alex Bollinger made a business trip to Columbus today.

Mrs. C. C. Trueblood is visiting her parents in Columbus.

Mrs. J. B. Keith of Columbus spent today here with friends.

Tilden Smith was here this morning from Vallonia on business.

John Hunsucker of Vallonia, was here this morning on business.

Miss Goldie Baker went to Columbus this morning to spend a few days.

Mrs. J. L. Blair went to Milan this morning to visit Mr. Blair's mother.

Miss Esther Ellerman of Brownstown, is the guest of Miss Emma Vonfange.

Taylor Pruden, of Cortland, was in the city Monday afternoon on business.

Miss Gertrude Kruell went to Jonesville this morning to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Williams of Henryville are the guests of Mrs. John Himler.

Mrs. Tilden Smith and daughter of Vallonia, are visiting her parents, George Wolfe and wife.

John W. Brooks, who resides east of the city, was here this morning transacting business.

Miss Pearl Mitchell came up from Brownstown this morning to visit her sister, Miss Myrtle Mitchell.

Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Asbury are here for a short stay with friends on their way home from the conference.

Miss Alma Seider of Jeffersonville and Percy Murphy of Louisville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Laupus.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fisher of Azalia attended the funeral of the late John E. Newby Monday afternoon.

Mrs. John Wiese of Indianapolis, who has been spending a week here with relatives, returned to her home Monday.

Miss Katherine Hagerty returned to her home in Cincinnati Monday after visiting her sister, Mrs. Clay Creager.

David Lewis, of Vernon township, passed through here Monday on his way to Franklin where he will enter college.

Mrs. Lucy Nixon has returned to her home in Paris Crossing after spending several days with her daughter.

Mrs. John EuDaly returned home yesterday from a ten days' visit with her mother, Mrs. Anna Beatty, of Indianapolis.

Judge Ed Jackson returned to his home in New Castle this morning after spending some time at the Jackson orchard.

Misses Anna and Rebecca Hamilton of Brownstown, were in Seymour this morning on their way to Columbus to spend a few days.

Miss Lena Ahlert returned to Cincincinnati this morning after spending a week the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ahlert.

Mrs. Oscar Wiese of Auburn, N. Y., who has been visiting Miss Lottie Kasting, left Monday for Cincinnati for a visit before returning home.

Fred Dunker of Cincinnati, came here Saturday to attend the funeral of Wm. Schluesemeier and has been visiting relatives in this vicinity this week.

I. T. Huckleberry of Zionsville, who has been visiting his brother, Rev. F. M. Huckleberry, went to Jeffersonville this morning for a visit before his return home.

Dr. and Mrs. Hughes Matlock and son have returned to their home in Tunnelton after spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Matlock.

Mrs. R. R. Short, Mrs. C. R. Hoffman, Miss Lou Van Horn and Mrs. James Smith went to Brownstown this morning to attend the county W. C. T. U. meeting held there today.

Rev. C. E. Bacon of Terre Haute, returned to his home this morning after attending the M. E. conference at Jeffersonville. He was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Steele last night.

Miss Anna Carter has returned from Orleans where she has been spending several days with friends. She made the trip in her machine and had an enjoyable trip returning.

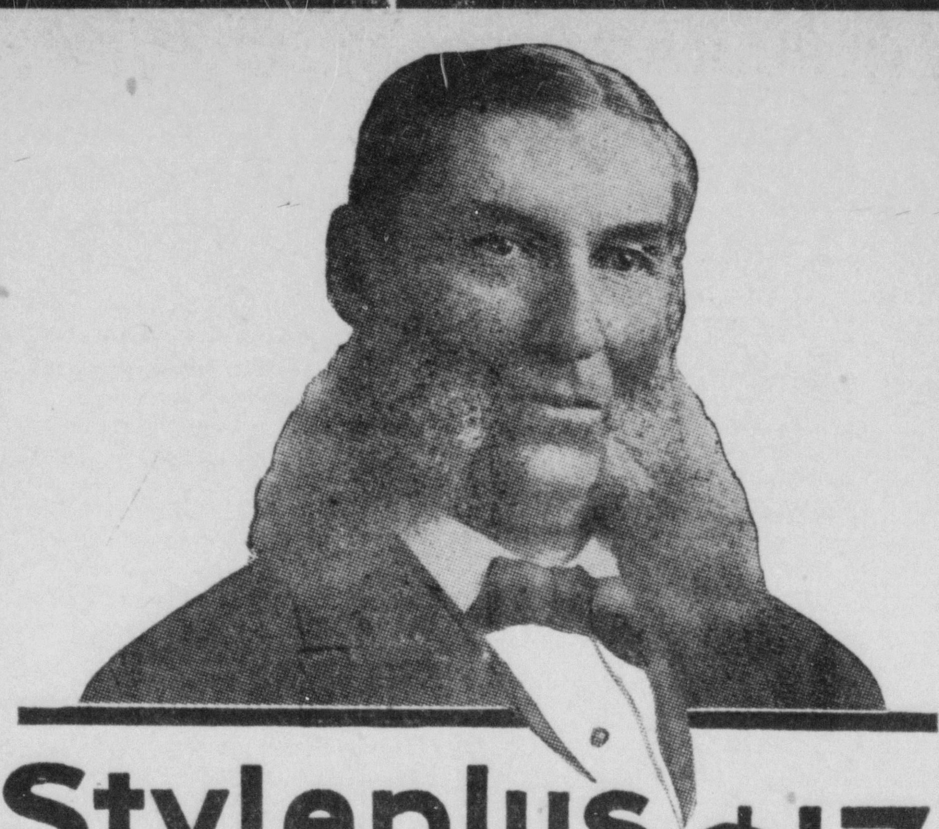
Rev. Ralph Cross, who has been attending the Methodist conference at Jeffersonville, came here Monday and was the guest over night of his mother, Mrs. Anna Cross. He left this morning for his home in Southport.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank all our friends and neighbors and especially Rev. E. H. Eggers, and F. H. Heideman for their sympathy and assistance at the death and burial of our husband and father, William Schluesemeier. Their kindness will always be appreciated. Elizabeth Schlnesemeier and children.

d&w

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.



Styleplus Clothes $17

"The same price the world over"

Come around and examine them. You'll not only get the best value ever offered, but you'll save from $3 to $8—for a STYLEPLUS suit or overcoat is equal to the best you ever saw at $20 to $25. Every garment guaranteed by the makers.

Don't you think you ought to get acquainted with STYLEPLUS CLOTHES before you buy your new Fall suit and overcoat?

We are the exclusive STYLEPLUS agents in this town.

ADOLPH STEINWEDEL

17 NORTH CHESTNUT STREET

I Am Now An Old Man and Want To Retire

from farming. I have always made money on this fine 320-acre farm, and have taken good care of it. I don't want to rent it, so have decided to sell. It is 3½ miles from Benkelman, on main road, with R. F. D. and telephone. 5 room house; big new barn; nice young orchard, fenced with woven wire; shade trees in yard. All but 60 acres tillable. Top soil 2 feet deep. Finest neighbors in the world—all well-to-do folks. I want $40 an acre. (Some farms no better sold for $50.) That is the least dollar that will buy it. That is $12,800 and I want all cash. If you can't pay all cash, and need some time, my agent says he can arrange a $5000 five year loan. Write him for further particulars and photographs. He is Henry G. Matteson, Lock Box 986 Benkelman, Nebraska. This is a good farm and will make you a nice home.

New Books.

The following new books have been added to the Seymour Public Library:

A History of Scotland 4 V.—Andrew Lang.

A History of Egypt—J. H. Breasted.

How to Grow One Hundred Bushels of Corn per Acre on Worn Soil—W. C. Smith.

Their Yesterdays—H. B. Wright.

The Lighted Way—E. P. Oppenheim.

Harmony Hall—M. Hill.

A Man in the Open—R. Pocock.

Chased Across the Pampas—E. Stratemeyer.

The Sand Man—His Ship Stories—W. J. Hopkins.

Most disease comes from germs. Kill the germs and you kill disease. Conkey's Nox-i-cide mixes with water and kills the germs. For Poultrymen, Stockmen and Housekeepers. Guaranteed by Rucker's Drug Store. S26d&w

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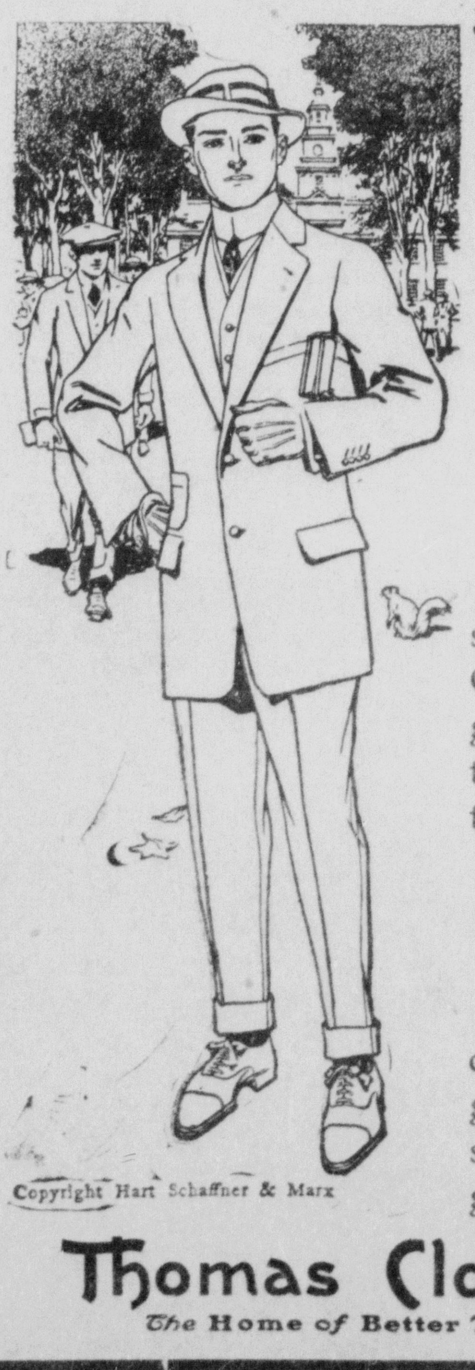
Everyone reads the Want Ads.



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We're on tip-toe to serve you with the best Clothes, Hats and Toggery for Fall and Winter wear that the country produces.

Ask us to show you

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes, because you get all-wool quality, style that stays. and a guarantee of perfect fit.

Thomas Clothing Co.

The Home of Better Things to Wear

FALL'S THE TIME

To fill your coal bins. Don't wait until the roads are bad and deliveries difficult. Moreover, by contracting for our coal months ago, we were enabled to secure a very good grade of soft coal at prices enabling us to save money for our customers. Better enroll now.

RAYMOND CITY at $4.00 Per Ton

Phone 4.

EBNER

Ice & Cold Storage Co.

Exclusive Agents.

"Hold Fast"

Is the Brand of

PAINT

We Carry at the

Racket Store

Half pints at - - - 10c
Per gallon - - - $1.25

A Good PAINT For The Money

NOW LISTEN TO REASON.

Is it not reasonable to suppose that a firm with years of experience and a large lumber trade is in a better position to quote lower prices on a contract than smaller and less experienced concerns would be? Come to us for reliable lumber and a low estimate.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.

419 S. Chestnut St.

TEETH

22kt Gold Crowns	$5.00
Gold Fillings	$2.00 and Up
Silver Fillings	75c and Up
Set of Teeth	$8.00

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PRESSING BUSINESS

It is a part of our business to Clean and Press Men's and Women's Clothes. By a process of Steaming and Cleaning we renovate your cloths and make them look as good as new.

Our charges are reasonable.

D. DeMatteo

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PRESCRIPTIONS

Are given special attention here We always have a fresh supply of Drugs.

Geo. F. Meyer

Phone 247. 116 S. Chestnut St.

The War Fifty Years Ago

The Federal Army Becomes the Army of Freedom. President Lincoln's Program For Military Emancipation Read to the Troops---Slaveholders In Confederate Territory Must Lose Their Slaves When the Federals March In---Slaveholders Not In "Rebellion Against the United States" Exempt --- Startling Tragedy on the Eve of Battle---Federal General William Nelson Shot Dead by a Brother Soldier.

By Captain GEO. L. KILMER, Late U. S. V.

ANTIETAM was more sudden and unlooked for than Gettysburg. For three days General George B. McClellan had been crowding General R. E. Lee back from the heart of Maryland toward the Potomac river, where he must either cross to the Virginia shore under fire or fight on its northern bank to cripple his foe and gain time for crossing at leisure. He chose to fight.

After carrying the passes through South mountain on the 14th of September McClellan flung his battle line westward parallel with the Potomac and moved rapidly toward the river as far as Antietam creek. Having learned from a marching order lost by some of Lee's officers that "Stonewall" Jackson, who on the 15th captured the Federal post at Harpers Ferry on the Virginia side of the river, was expected to recross and join Lee again in Maryland, McClellan knew that Lee was not beating a hurried retreat.

Lee's position south of Antietam creek was weak on his left and strong on his right. On the left the Federals could cross the stream by several fords and bridges out of view of Lee's soldiers and the range of his guns, but on the right flank the banks of the creek were steep and rugged, and the only bridge across could easily be made a target for Confederate bullets and shells. McClellan had only part of his troops on the scene at nightfall of the 16th, but he began the fight that evening by attacking the left flank of Longstreet's line on the Confederate left.

On the 16th "Stonewall" Jackson brought up part of the troops he had used in the capture of Harpers Ferry, and with these Lee pieced out the left of his line of battle so that it fell away from Antietam creek back toward the Potomac. The angle formed by this bend in the line southward was covered with woods and ledges of rock.

Indescribable Battle Havoc.

McClellan proceeded with the sure purpose of preventing his antagonist from dodging past his line on the Antietam to the interior of Maryland again. Federal batteries were strung along the center to hold Lee south of the Antietam. Two army corps under General Joseph Hooker attacked the angle and the short line on Lee's left early on the morning of the 17th. This was the most terrific fight on record. Hooker's columns were led by batteries, which mowed down fields of corn to the stubble as with a knife, and soldiers in gray who had taken cover among the tall stalks fell in hundreds under the terrible storm of iron. Hooker's battleground at Antietam furnished one of those spectacles which baffle description. Bullets, bayonets, shot and shell worked their awful havoc. Little by little Lee's left was crushed in.

The Federals would charge over and capture a field, strewing it with their own and the enemy's dead. At the farther edge they would cling until the Confederates mustered fresh men to charge and perhaps recover it. Behind Lee's center, at the little stone village of Sharpsburg, which gives the battle its name in Confederate annals, the ground was elevated, and whoever controlled that had the best of the fray. For that control Lee and McClellan struggled. With his batteries planted there McClellan could rake Lee's right flank and destroy the defenders of the bluffs at the bridge. North of Antietam creek, abreast of the bridge, Burnside's Ninth corps was massed.

Hooker's advance was a complete and successful flank attack. He was driving the Confederate lines together and gaining upon the key position in the Confederate center at Sharpsburg. Jackson's men, driven back from the short line, rallied in the center, which soon became the Confederate left. Finally this edge of the field was narrowed down to a large cornfield which stretched between the contending lines. In places the corn was still standing when the battle was at its height. At the west end of the field, near the historic Dunker church, stood a thick woods and on the east another woods. These woods were rallying points for the Confederates on the west and the Federals on the east. The cornfield was strewn with dead, and the woods had a fringe of dead along the edge toward the corn.

Charge of the Irish Brigade.

Finally McClellan urged on Burnside's attack at the bridge. The height beyond was carried by a gallant charge. Then the new center of the field was stormed by fresh Federal troops. At this point a sunken road or "bloody lane," as it became known from the carnage there, wound like a broad trench between the Federal division of General I. B. Richardson and the Confederates of D. H. Hill.

The road was the key to the center. There the Sixty-ninth New York charged at the head of the Irish brigade. The men advanced under a stinging fire to a crest overlooking the lane and found themselves alone. They couldn't safely advance with their flanks unsupported, and they wouldn't retreat, so they planted the line on the hill side and began to fight. The color bearer advanced several paces, waving the green flag defiantly. It was riddled with bullets, and eight men, one after another, went down trying to keep the banner of green afloat. Muskets became foul, and ammunition gave out, but the Irishmen fought on, using the weapons of the fallen.

Federal Reserves Charge Home.

By the middle of the forenoon the Confederate left wing had been forced back a half a mile. Hooker's bold advance had compelled Jackson to change front from the east to the north. At 10 o'clock the Sixth corps was brought up from South mountain and ordered to the support of the Federal right, where some commands had lost one-half their number.

General W. F. Smith's division of this corps reached the firing line first. It was sent in a brigade at a time to aid some stricken division. The Confederates just at the time were trying to regain the ground they had lost between the "west wood" and the "east wood." Smith ordered the brigade of Colonel W. H. Irwin to charge the advancing enemy.

The column marched over half a mile over a battlefield covered with the dead and wounded and drove the Confederates into the "west wood" again just south of Dunker church. This stronghold was held by "Stonewall" Jackson with troops other than his own command, all of which had not come up from Harpers Ferry.

Entering the "west wood," Irwin's line was struck by a flank fire from the thicket and forced back to the shelter of a ridge north of the sunken road and "Bloody Lane." Here it remained in position the rest of the day and prevented Jackson from sending troops out of the "west wood" to flank the Federals at "Bloody Lane."

Although the Federal right wing had suffered heavily, it had smashed Lee's left flank and crippled his army for aggressive battle. But the final position of the Confederates was a strong one all along the line. McClellan's critics, however, blamed him for not persisting in his attacks regardless of risks.

The Day's Record of Carnage.

Many of Jackson's Confederate brigades lost half their number, and three brigade commanders were killed. The First Texas regiment charged into the cornfield and fought until four-fifths of its rank and file had gone down. At the close of the day McClellan had two broken divisions in reserve behind the batteries which guarded his center and one fresh division of the Sixth corps. This division, under General H. W. Slocum, was formed in line to charge the key position, where Lee's batteries stood, and checked the Federal advance beyond the cornfield and sunken road. By the request of the veteran General E. V. Summers, who commanded the troops on that flank, this charge was abandoned. At that hour five fresh Confederate brigades, under General A. P. Hill, which had been at Harpers Ferry, came to the scene at double quick.

McClellan lost that day at Antietam 2,000 killed and nearly 10,000 wounded Lee's loss was about 2,700 killed and over 7,000 wounded. On the 18th the dead were buried under a truce, and that night Lee took advantage of the darkness to escape with his whole army to the Virginia shore. This was the date Lee had fixed upon ten days before for the assembling of his army in Pennsylvania, on the banks of the Susquehanna.

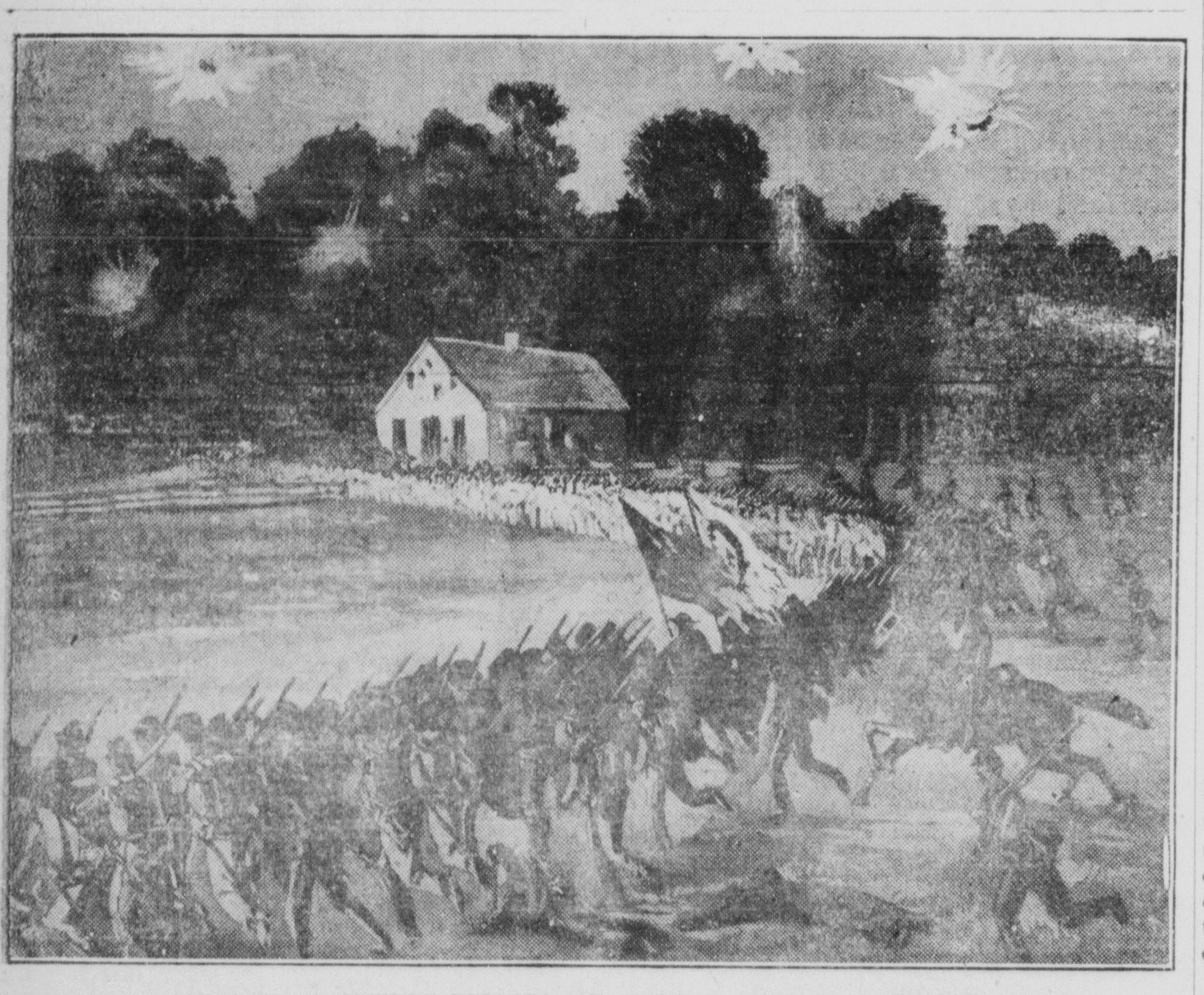
Battle at Iuka, Miss.

Iuka, Miss., fought Sept. 19, 1862, was a small affair for the armies involved. General U. S. Grant was then at Corinth, just holding on, as he had been all summer. The main Confederate and Federal armies of the west were then playing hide and seek in Tennessee, the Confederates under General Bragg aiming northward for Kentucky.

Grant's nearest foe was Sterling Price. Price had crossed his Missouri army over the Mississippi purposely to keep up a bluster around Corinth and prevent Grant from sending troops to Tennessee and Kentucky to help General Buell, who was opposing Bragg's invasion. In September Price was at Tupelo, south of Corinth. He could easily dash on Corinth if he wanted to, but instead of doing so marched northeast and was debating the question of dodging by Grant and carrying his troops to the aid of Bragg in Tennessee. At the last moment he decided to attack Grant at Corinth and went into camp at Iuka, thirty miles east of that point, to wait for General Earl Van Dorn's column to join his.

Grant decided to dispose of his audacious enemy. He sent General W. S Rosecrans with two divisions to attack Iuka from the south and a third division under General E. O. C. Ord, to attack from the west.

Ord was to wait until he heard Rosecrans' guns open, then advance. Owing to the direction of the wind the sound of battle did not reach Ord, and Rosecrans' leading division fought alone, being assailed on the march Both sides wavered at times. One desperate charge of the Confederates terminated the affair. They were checked, and the Federals went into bivouac in sight of the Confederates burying their dead. The Federals prepared to take up the fight on the 20th, but during the night Price's army retreated.



CHARGE OF IRWIN'S BRIGADE AT DUNKER CHURCH, ANTIETAM.

GIVE IT A TRIAL
NO DUST
SHINE STAYS
BLACK SILK
LIQUID STOVE POLISH
USED AND SOLD BY HARDWARE DEALERS
GET A CAN TODAY

Fifty Years Ago Today. Sept. 24.

President Lincoln issued a proclamation making disloyal practices, such as discouraging enlistments in the Federal army and aiding the Confederates, a military crime, punishable under martial law. In the evening he was serenaded by admirers of his emancipation proclamation of the 22d. In a brief speech he said: "I can only trust in God I have made no mistake. It is now for the country and the world to pass judgment upon it." Bangor, Me., celebrated the proclamation with bonfires, ringing of bells and a salute of 100 guns.

An article that has real merit should in time become popular. That such is the case with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been attested by many dealers. Here is one of them. H. W. Hendrickson, Ohio Falls, Ind., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best for coughs, colds and croup, and is my best seller." For sale by all dealers.

Birds Rapidly Thinning Out.

Field and forest birds of America, once so numerous, are now so thinned in numbers that their absence from former haunts is noticeable east and west. Great losses in grain and fruit crops come through the attacks of insects that formerly were taken care of by the birds. An example of what may be done in bird culture in a large way is being furnished in Michigan, near the village of Dearborn, which is an outpost of Detroit. Here 2,800 acres of land have been given up to bird attraction and protection by Henry Ford, a wealthy philanthropist.

Few, if any, medicines, have met with the uniform success that has attended the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The remarkable cures of colic and diarrhoea which it has effected in almost every neighborhood have given it a wide reputation. For sale by all dealers.

Or Rah-rah Socks.

"How are we to get the plain people this year? All the candidates are college graduates."

"Our side has its plans mapped out. We're going to tell 'em that our man never wore a clamshell cap when he went to college."

Over Sooner.

"Will you have a biplane or a monoplane?" asked the salesman.

"What's the difference?"

"With a monoplane I believe you hit the earth a little quicker when the smash comes."

The implicit confidence that many people have in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is founded on their experience in the use of that remedy and their knowledge of the many remarkable cures of colic, diarrhoea and dysentery that it has effected. For sale by all dealers.

Well, Hardly.

Bill—I see New Jersey's legislature recently provided for the appointment of three experts in each of the state's 21 counties, to exterminate mosquitos.

Jill—But, I'll bet these same experts have not yet thrown away any of their window screens or screen-doors.

Running up and down stairs, sweeping and bending over making beds will not make a woman healthy or beautiful. She must get out of doors, walk a mile or two every day and take Chamberlain's tonic to improve her digestion and regulate her bowels. For sale by all dealers.

Their Sudden Rise to Wealth.

The family of a fisherman who lived in the most abject poverty at Beni-Carlo, Spain, have just become millionaires by the death of a relative who migrated to South America, where he made a huge fortune.

Symptom Seldom Seen.

A dietary expert declares there is no such thing as brain food. Even if there is such a thing, few show symptoms of being overfed.—Providence Journal.

If you knew of the real value of Chamberlain's Liniment for lame back, soreness of the muscles, sprains and rheumatic pains, you would never wish to be without it. For sale by all dealers.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE

"EVEN AS YOU AND I."

I had been lecturing the carrier boy rather sharply. He had been missing the delivery of my evening newspaper about half the time.

The boy was new to the route and when I spoke to him once before he appeared rather independent. But this time he was a little tearful when he looked up and said:

"Don't you make mistakes, Mister?"

The shot went straight home. Indeed, I have made a lot of mistakes—both of head and heart—and some one might properly lecture me for them.

We are apt to be slow in making excuses for the other fellow. If the newspaper is not on the front porch when we look for it, if the mail carrier should chance to come but once instead of twice a day, if the telephone girl at central fails to respond at once, if the waiter at the cafe is delayed, we forget that these persons are fallible human beings—

"Even as you and I."

For many years I edited newspapers, and, like all editors, I insisted upon accuracy in the news, perfection in the composing room and punctuality in the mailing department.

Nevertheless—

Despite my constant urging, the reporters would fail to get both sides of a story, and where the facts are lacking utilized their fertile fancies; linotype slugs would persistently get in upside down; and mail editions would occasionally be missed. The boys made mistakes—

"Even as you and I."

And sometimes when I traced a piece of "pi" to its source I discovered that perhaps the floor man had sat up all night with a sick baby or wife and was "dead on his feet." He was human—

"Even as you and I."

It is always proper to insist on the service for which you pay. That is exact justice. But—

Mercy is above justice. And the quality of mercy is not strained. It blesses both him who gives and him who receives. We should remember that service is rendered by people who get tired, who have headaches and heartaches, who forget—

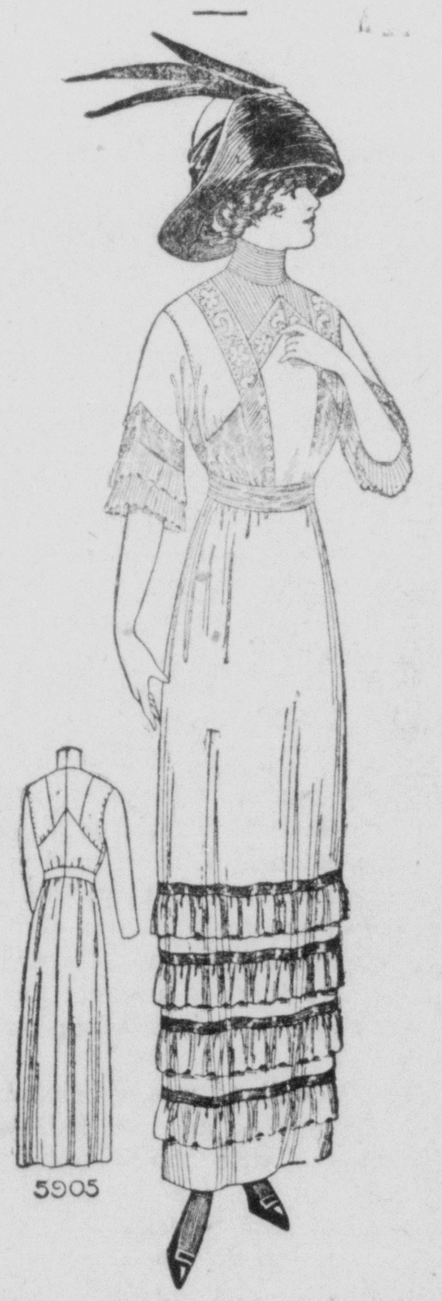
"Even as you and I."

The newsboy taught me a new lesson of tolerance and charity. The boy really desired to serve me. It paid him to do so. Merely he had not been able to get my location straight in his head.

Since the day he floored me by his ad hominem interrogatory he has not missed a number of my paper. He was only human—not a machine—

"Even as you and I."

LADY'S DRESS.



This beautiful costume was delightfully carried out in tan foulard with trimming of golden brown satin. The dress represents one of the newest styles of the season, and is appropriate for wear now and for service later in the fall. It closes at the back and has three-piece skirt. Tucking is used for the yoke and collar. Insertion is also used on the frock with charming effect.

The pattern (5905) is cut in sizes 32 to 42 inches bust measure. Medium size will require 4½ yards of 36 inch material, ½ yard of 18-inch tucking, 1⅛ yards of 24-inch satin and 2 yards of insertion.

To procure this pattern, send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size, and number of pattern.

NO 5905. SIZE..................
NAME..................................
TOWN..................................
STREET AND NO.....................
STATE..................................

LIVED ON RAW EGGS

Mr. Richard's Experience With Different Diets. Peaches and Buttermilk for Three Years.

Cecilton, Md.—Mr. George Richards, of this place, during the past 12 years, has probably tried more different diets than the average person would ever use in a lifetime.

What he has to say about his experiments, must therefore be highly interesting to anyone suffering from indigestion or stomach troubles of any kind.

He says: "For more than 12 years, I suffered with stomach troubles, and paid hundreds of dollars for doctor bills and medicines. I was also operated on for piles.

I lived on dried peaches and buttermilk for nearly three years. The only thing that would not give me pain was raw eggs.

I was a physical wreck. I could not sleep, and was as near crazy as a man could well be.

I must say that after taking two 25-cent packages of Thedford's Black-Draught, it did me more good than all I ever spent for other medicines.

I have been working daily on the farm ever since, and I am as hard as iron." This purely vegetable remedy has been in successful use for more than 70 years. **Try it. But be sure that it's "Thedford's."**

McCLURYGRAMS

My country 'tis of thee, sweet land of liberty.

Nobody's going to keep you from making an ass of yourself, if you persist.

Likewise, nobody's going to keep you from making a success of yourself, if you persist.

Size yourself up.

Total your mistakes on the debit side.

Your accomplishments on the credit side.

If the debits exced or equal the credit, you are still an ass.

It is up to you to make less mistakes.—McClury's Magazine.

TIMELY TOPICS

There is a fault that is always attributed to women—that of never being on time.

No woman can afford to be a moment late if she expects to be called businesslike.

Tending to the little time appointments is the training that enables you to keep the big ones.

Business today will not wait for anybody. It is always progressing—always a few steps ahead.

You might be extraordinarily brilliant and capable of putting a deal through that requires brain and tact and personal charm and knowledge, and all the other traits that go to make a successful worker, but if you lack one thing—the ability to be on time, you might as well be without these qualities.

Everyone reads the "Want Ad." column.

NERVOUS DESPONDENT WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound —Their Own Statements So Testify.

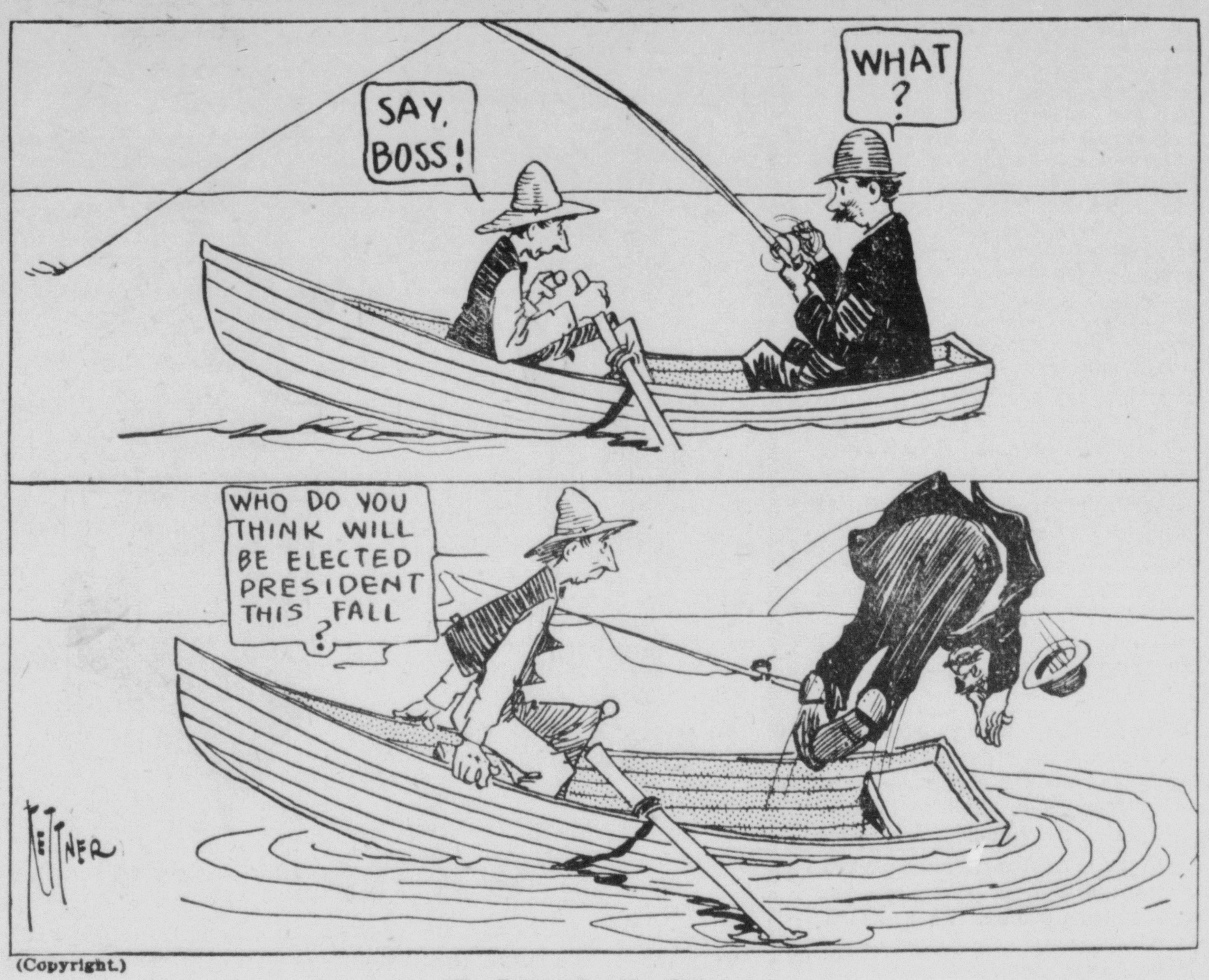
Platea, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Platea, Pa., Box 98.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if any one even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

POLITICS! POLITICS!


SAY, BOSS!
WHAT ?
WHO DO YOU THINK WILL BE ELECTED PRESIDENT THIS FALL ?
KETTNER

(Copyright.)

No Escape for Mr. Bloops.

A GIRL OF THE LIMBERLOST

By

GENE STRATTON-PORTER

Copyright, 1909, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Wherein Chicago Comes to the Limberlost.

HONK, honk, honk! Hart Henderson set the alarm of the big automobile going as it shot from behind the trees lining the Brushwood road. The picture of a vine covered cabin, a great drooping tree, a green clad girl and a man bending over her very closely flashed into view. Edith Carr caught her breath with a snap. Polly Ammon gave Tom Levering a quick touch and wickedly winked at him.

Several days before Edith had returned from Europe suddenly. She and Henderson had called at the Ammon residence, saying that they were going to motor down to the Limberlost to see Philip a few hours and urged that Polly and Tom accompany them. Mrs. Ammon thought it better to have Polly along to support Philip than to allow him to confront Edith unexpectedly and alone. Polly was full of spirit. She did not like Edith and did not relish the thought of her as a sister. Two days before her father had extracted a promise of secrecy, given her Philip's address and told her to send him the finest emerald ring she could select. Polly knew how that ring would be used. What she did not know was that the girl who accompanied her went back to the store afterward, made an excuse to the clerk that she had been sent to be absolutely sure that the address was right and so secured it for Edith Carr.

Two days later Edith had induced Hart Henderson to take her to Onabasha. By the aid of maps they located the Comstock land and passed it merely to see the place. Henderson hated that trip and implored Edith not to take it, but she made no effort to conceal from him what she suffered, and it was more than he could endure.

The sunlight etched with distinctness the scene at the west end of the chain. Instinctively, to save Edith, Henderson set the whistle blowing. He had thought to go on to the city, but Polly Ammon stood, crying, "Phil, Phil!" Tom Levering was on his feet shouting and waving, while Edith in her most imperial manner ordered him to turn into the lane leading through the woods beside the cabin.

"Fix it some way that I get a minute alone with her," she commanded as he stopped the car.

"That is my sister Polly, her fiance Tom Levering, a friend of mine named Henderson and"— began Ammon.

"Edith Carr," volunteered Elnora.

"And Edith Carr," repeated Philip Ammon. "Elnora, be brave for my sake. Their coming can make no difference in any way. I won't let them stay but a few minutes. Come with me!"

"Do I looked scared?" inquired Elnora serenely. "This is why you have not had your answer. I have been waiting just six weeks for that motor. You may bring them to me at the arbor."

She could see that Miss Carr was splendidly beautiful, while she moved with the hauteur and grace supposed to be the prerogatives of royalty. And she had instantly taken possession of Philip Ammon. But Ammon also had a brain which was working with rapidity. He knew Elnora was watching so he swung around to the others.

"Give her up, Tom!" he cried. "I didn't know I wanted to see the little nuisance so badly, but I do. How are father and mother? Polly, be good to Elnora," he whispered.

"Um-huh," assented Polly. And aloud, "I never saw such a beauty. Thomas Asquith Levering, you come straight here and take my hand!"

Edith's move to compel Ammon to approach Elnora beside her had been easy to see; also its failure. Henderson stepped into Ammon's place as he turned to his sister. Instead of taking Polly's hand Levering ran to open the gate. Edith passed through first, but Polly darted in front of her on the run, with Phil holding her arm, and swept up to Elnora. Polly looked for the ring and saw it. That settled matters with her.

"You lovely, lovely, darling girl!" she cried, throwing her arms around Elnora and kissing her. With her lips near Elnora's ear, Polly whispered. "Sister—dear, dear sister!"

Elnora drew back, staring at Polly in confused amazement. She was a beautiful girl, dressed in some wonderful way. Her eyes were sparkling and dancing, and as she turned to make way for the others she kept one of Elnora's hands in hers. Edith bowed low, muttered something and touched Elnora's fingers. In that instant only pity was in Elnora's breast for the flashing dark beauty.

"Come into the shade," she urged. "You must have found it warm on these country roads. Won't you lay aside your dust coats and have a cool drink? Philip, would you ask mother to come and bring that pitcher in the springhouse?"

They entered the arbor, exclaiming at the dim, green coolness. Mrs. Comstock came deliberately, talking to Ammon as she approached. Elnora gave her one searching look, but could discover only an extreme brightness of eye to denote any unusual feeling. Polly instantly went to her and held up her face to be kissed. Mrs. Comstock's eyes twinkled, and she made the greeting hearty.

Soon the pitcher was empty, and Elnora picked it up and went to refill it. While she was gone Henderson asked Philip about some trouble he was having with his car. They went to the woods and began a minute examination to find a defect which did not exist. Polly and Levering were having an animated conversation with Mrs. Comstock. Henderson saw Edith arise, follow the garden path next the woods and stand waiting under the willow which Elnora would pass on her return. It was for that meeting he had made the trip. He got down on the ground, tore up the car, worked, asked for help and kept Philip busy screwing bolts and applying the oil can. All the time Henderson kept an eye on Edith and Elnora under the willow. But he took pains to lay the work he asked Philip to do where that scene would be out of his sight. When Elnora came around the corner with the pitcher she found herself facing Edith Carr.

"I want a minute with you," said Miss Carr.

"Very well," replied Elnora, walking on.

"Set the pitcher on the bench there," commanded Edith Carr as if speaking to a servant.

"I prefer not to offer my guests a warm drink," said Elnora. "I'll come back if you really wish to speak with me."

"I came solely for that," said Edith Carr.

"It would be a pity to travel so far in this dust and heat for nothing. I'll only be gone a second."

Elnora set the pitcher before her mother. "Please serve this," she said. "Miss Carr wishes to speak with me."

The girl slowly and gravely walked back to the willow.

"Will you be seated?" she asked politely.

Edith Carr glanced at the bench, while a shudder shook her.

"No. I prefer to stand," she said. "Did Mr. Ammon give you the ring you are wearing, and do you consider yourself engaged to him?"

"By what right do you ask such personal questions as those?" inquired Elnora.

"By the right of a betrothed wife. I have been promised to Philip Ammon ever since I wore short skirts. All our lives we have expected to marry. An agreement of years cannot be broken in one insane moment. Always he has loved me devotedly. Give me ten minutes with him and he will be mine for all time."

"I seriously doubt that," said Elnora. "But I am perfectly willing that you should make the test. I will call him."

"Stop!" commanded Edith Carr. "I told you that it was you I came to see."

"I remember," said Elnora.

"Mr. Ammon is my betrothed," continued Edith Carr. "I expect to take him back to Chicago with me."

"Then it is untrue that you twice rejected his ring, repeatedly insulted him and publicly renounced him?"

"That was through you!" cried Edith Carr. "I realize the spell of this place for a summer season. I can see just how you have worked to ensnare him!"

"Men would call that lying," said Elnora calmly. "The second time I met Philip Ammon he told me of his engagement to you, and I respected it. When he left me I did not hope or expect to see him again." Elnora's voice fell soft and low. "And, behold, you sent him—and free!"

"You exult in that!" cried Edith Carr. "Let me tell you he is not free! If he married you before a month you would read heart hunger for me in his eyes. He could not love me as he has done and give me up for a little scene like that!"

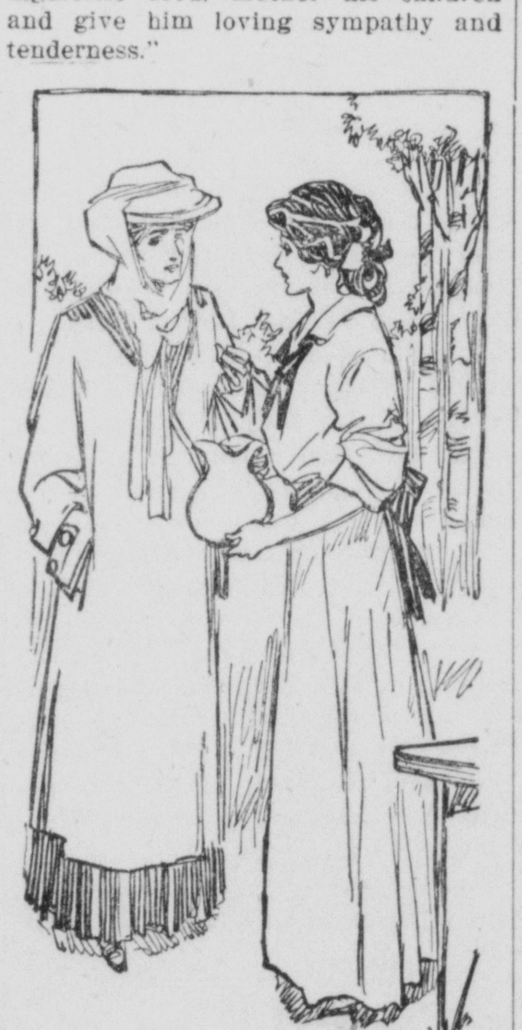
"You killed his love everlastingly when you disgraced him in public," said Elnora. "Killed it so completely he does not even feel resentment toward you."

Edith Carr stood truly regal and filled with scorn. "You are mistaken! Nothing on earth could kill that!" she cried, and Elnora saw that the girl really believed what she said.

"You are very sure of yourself!" said Elnora.

"I have reason to be sure," answered Edith Carr. "We have lived and loved too long. I have had years with him to match against your days. He is mine! His work, his ambitions, his friends, his place in society are with me. You may have a summer charm for a sick man in the country. If he tried placing you in society you would put him to shame in a week."

"I hardly think I should follow your example so far," said Elnora dryly. "I have a feeling for Philip that would prevent my hurting him purposely either in public or private. As for managing a social career for him he never mentioned that he desired such a thing. What he asked of me was that I should be his wife. I understood that to mean that he desired me to keep him a clean house, serve him digestible food, mother his children and give him loving sympathy and tenderness."



"I want a minute with you," said Miss Carr.

"Such vulgarity!" panted Edith Carr. "How can a man like Ammon endure it? You know perfectly that if your puny hold on him were broken, if he were back in his home among his friends and where he was meeting me, in one little week he would be mine again as he always has been."

"That will do!" said Elnora. "I shall not act until I know there will be nothing to regret. I have decided on my course. You may return to your friends."

"What do you mean?" demanded Edith Carr.

"That is my affair," replied Elnora. "Only this: When your opportunity comes, seize it! Any time you are in Philip Ammon's presence, exert the charms of which you boast and take him. Take him to Onabasha and to Chicago with you. Use every art you possess. If the old charm can be revived I will be the first to wish both of you well. Now, I must return to my guests. Kindly excuse me."

Elnora turned and went back to the arbor. Edith Carr followed the fence and passed through the gate into the west woods where she asked Henderson if the car was ready. As she stood near him she whispered, "Take Phil back to Onabasha with us."

"I say, Ammon, can't you go to the city with us and help me find a shop where I can get this pinion fixed?" asked Henderson. "We want to lunch and start back by 5. That will get us home by midnight."

Philip went into the arbor.

"Elnora," he said, "Henderson is in trouble with his automobile. He wants me to go to Onabasha with him to show him where the doctor lives and help him get fixed so he can start back this evening. It will take about two hours. May I go?"

"Of course you must go," she said, laughing lightly. "You can't leave your sister. Why don't you go back to Chicago with them? There is plenty of room, and you could have a fine visit."

"I'll be back in just two hours," said Ammon. "While I am gone you be thinking over what we were talking of when the folks came."

Elnora offered her hand to all of them, and when she came to Ammon she gave him one long steady look in the eyes, then shook hands with him also.

When Philip returned to the Limberlost Elnora was gone. There was a note for him, saying that even her mother did not know where she had sought refuge. On or before the 1st of September, she wrote, she would let him know where she was and her decision. Philip, deeply disappointed, returned to Chicago. There Edith Carr, in a meeting at which Philip's father was present, begged his forgiveness, told him she had always loved him and asked for his love again. But he told her any love he had ever had for her was dead. He was going back to the Limberlost, he said.

Elnora, feeling the need of rest, went to the summer home of the Angel and Freckles, on Mackinac island, and received a warm welcome from Mr. and Mrs. O'More and their four young children.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TASTE, SMELL AND HEARING RESTORED.

A Harmless Remedy Relieves Catarrhal Deafness.

Ten thousands who suffer the miseries of colds and catarrh and claim they have never found a cure can get instant relief by simply anointing the nostrils with Ely's Cream Balm.

Unlike internal medicines which upset the stomach, or strong snuffs which only aggravate the trouble, this cleansing, healing, antiseptic Balm instantly reaches the seat of the trouble stops the nasty discharge, clears the nose, head and throat, and brings back the sense of taste, smell and improves the hearing. More than this, it strengthens the weakened and diseased tissues, thus protecting you against a return of the trouble. This remedy will cure a cold in a day, and prevent its becoming chronic or resulting in catarrh.

Nasal catarrh is an inflammation of the membrane lining the air passages, and cannot be reached by mixtures taken into the stomach, nor can it be cured by snuffs and powders which only cause additional irritation. Don't waste time on them. Get a 50 cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist, and after using it for a day you will wish you had tried it sooner.

Mothers should give the children Ely's Cream Balm for colds and croup. It is perfectly harmless, and pleasant to take.

527d

Old papers, good for a score of uses about the house, for sale cheap, at the Republican office. d&w-tf

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

COMMON BUSHES ALL IN FLAME

Deduction Drawn From Miracle Revealed in the Text of the Holy Scriptures.

WHEN Moses in the land of Midian obtained the great vision which constituted his call to the leadership of Israel he was occupied with the ordinary tasks of life—he was simply doing his duty in a prosaic way. He was tending the flocks, and doubtless meanwhile ruminating on big questions, idealizing his common tasks, and so preparing himself for greater service later on. By faithfully serving in a lowly capacity Moses was led into just that humble frame of mind which fitted him for advancement to larger responsibilities. His promotion came through a personal touch of the powers of heaven upon his life. It is often so—the "common round" brings man suddenly face to face with God. There is no telling around which turn of the road the angels may next meet us. As Moses was leading his flock he "came to the mountain of God"—and an angel of God appeared to him in a flame of fire.

With a sacred inquisitiveness Moses turned aside to learn the meaning of the strange sight that met his eyes.

What interested and surprised him was not just a bush—Moses came across plenty of brambles in the land of Midian, and had often torn his flesh on their thorns; nor was it the sight of a burning bush, for Moses had seen many bonfires along the ridges of the hills that cut into the deserts. The wonder was that the bush, while burning, did not burn—that it was not consumed. We do not know just what the nature of this miracle was, for we do not know the nature of any miracle, nor of life itself, which is one great wonder. It is sufficient for the moral purpose of this epistle to recognize that the burning bush was the scene and seat of some extraordinary (and yet not necessarily irrational or unnatural) phenomenal manifestation of the power and presence of Jehovah. In a sense, God was in that bush, as he might be said to be in a "still, small voice"—not that the Deity is pantheistically merged in the phenomena of the world which he has created, but that he is dynamically at work in all the processes of nature, whether in those which we having plotted down a few data here and there, as to discovered "laws," called "natural," or those in which, not having been plotted as yet, men regard as extraordinary, or "miraculous."

The most important point in this incident is the sign that it gave Moses of the dynamic presence of Jehovah in all his life, and inferentially in our lives, too. So very much was God in that place that the wondering shepherd was told to slip off his sandals, for the very earth upon which he stood was "holy ground." By this revelation of God to him Moses' life was at once lifted to a higher plane. Yet it was not promotion in a worldly sense that did this—not just a change of tasks, though Moses was indeed thereafter called to more conspicuous duties—but a heightening of moral ideal, the increase of consecration, and the broader scope of social sympathy that came when Moses met God face to face in Midian, was challenged by his holy purpose, and accepted—though with some misgiving, due at first to a weak faith—the call to a larger task, and a more arduous service.

Solitude often assists the culture of the higher life in man, and discovers for him the sacred meaning of the commonplace, when ordinary happenings are consecrated to a lofty and eternal aim. It is not necessary to go into the desert to find God—that was the mistake of the old-time ascetics. What is needed is a certain amount of solitude in one's own heart—which leaves space for God to enter and which is shared by the continual presence of him who spake to Moses out of the bush burning in the desert, and who said to his Mission-sent disciples: "Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world."

To the man who carries the sense of God's presence with him no spot is absolutely lonely and every place is holy ground. Wherever such a man goes he sees—what happens many around him fail to recognize—the bushes of the commonplace glowing with the theophanies of a revealing God. In saying this I am not teaching any pantheistic nothing or mere sentimental dream—I am simply enforcing the fact, taught and illustrated throughout the length and breadth of Scripture—that the Lord Jehovah is everywhere present by his spirit, at all places and at all times ready to reveal himself spiritually to the humble, upbuilding all things by the word of his power, and frequently taking delight in making his glory to burst through the veil of the ordinary, until the rudest hut by which some wayfaring man kneels becomes mantled with a dazzling Shekinah. He that hath eyes to see let him see, and he that hath ears to hear let him hear this thing. Occupy yourself with God's task, and, though like a Simon Peter, you have to toil all night taking nothing, yet in the golden morning you shall see the Lord. Set your affections on things above, and though you may be wearily stumbling along in a dreary desert, the very acacia bushes that border the stony path you tread shall flame with a light which never shone beneath the sun!
—Rev. Charles Devon.

The man who has no aim in life will have no hope in death.

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTHWESTERN R. R.

Summer Tourists Rates —TO— EASTERN POINTS

New York City	$28.60
Atlantic City	$28.60
Asbury Park, N. J.	$28.60
Norfolk, Va.	$28.60
Old Pt. Comfort, Va.	$28.60
Boston, Mass.	$31.60

These are special round trip rates good to return within thirty days from date of sale. On sale daily. For time of trains, sleeping car reservations call at B. & O. ticket office or address

E. MASSMAN, Agt.

W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.
Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction Company.

I.C.&S. SOUTHERN TRACTION CO.

In Effect December 4, 1911.

Northbound Cars Lv. Seymour		Southbound Cars Ar. Seymour	
6:55 a. m.	I	C	6:20 a. m.
x8:10 a. m.	I	G	7:51 a. m.
9:00 a. m.	I	I	8:51 a. m.
•9:18 a. m.	I	I	•9:09 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	I	I	9:53 a. m.
•11:18 a. m.	I	I	•11:09 a. m.
12:00 m.	I	I	11:50 a. m.
•1:18 p. m.	I	I	z1:25 p. m.
2:00 p. m.	I	I	•2:10 p. m.
•3:18 p. m.	I	I	3:50 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	I	I	•4:10 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	I	I	4:53 p. m.
•6:18 p. m.	I	I	•6:09 p. m.
7:20 p. m.	I	I	6:53 p. m.
•8:18 p. m.	I	I	7:53 p. m.
9:00 p. m.	I	I	•8:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m.	G	I	9:50 p. m.
11:55 p. m.	C	I	11:38 p. m.

I—Indianapolis.
C—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.
x—Indianapolis-Seymour Limited.
•—Hoosier Flyers. •—Dixie Flyers.
z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg, connects with the B. & O. west leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars makes connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and Southern Indiana Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediatte points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., •1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, •9:00, •11:00 p. m.

• Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,
Scottsburg, Indiana.

"SOUTHEASTERN LINE."

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

NORTHBOUND
—Daily.—

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.
Lv Seymour	6:20 am	11:20 am	4:40 pm
Lv Bedford	7:58 am	1:10 pm	6:28 pm
Lv Odon	9:07 am	2:21 pm	7:36 pm
Lv Elnora	9:17 am	2:31 pm	7:46 pm
Lv Beehunter	9:33 am	2:46 pm	7:59 pm
Lv Linton	9:48 am	3:00 pm	8:14 pm
Lv Jasonville	10:20 am	3:31 pm	8:47 pm
Ar. Tr. Haute	11:15 am	4:25 pm	9:40 pm

SOUTHBOUND
—Daily.—

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.
Lv Tr. Haute	6:00 am	10:45 am	5:35 pm
Lv Jasonville	6:54 am	11:42 am	6:29 pm
Lv Linton	7:18 am	12:08 pm	6:51 pm
Lv Beehunter	7:30 am	12:20 pm	7:05 pm
Lv Elnora	7:55 am	12:45 pm	7:28 pm
Lv Odon	8:05 am	12:55 pm	7:38 pm
Lv Bedford	9:17 am	2:06 pm	8:56 pm
Ar Seymour	11:00 am	3:40 pm	11:00 pm

No. 28 mixed train North-bound leaves Westport 7:30 a. m., arriving at Seymour 10:45 a. m. daily, except Sunday.

No. 27 mixed train South-bound leaves Seymour 3:20 p. m. arriving at Westport 4:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

For time tables or further information call on or write

S. L. CHERRY, G. A.,
Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A.,
Grand Central Station, Chicago, Ill.

ANNA E. CARTER
NOTARY PUBLIC
Pension Vouchers Filled Out.
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN office, 108 West Second Street.

Building Material
The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices
Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.
High Grade Mill Work
Veeneered Doors and Interior Finish.
Travis Carter Co.

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Licensed
Optician
Glasses Fitted Accurately
With T. M. JACKSON, 104
West Second Street
Residence Phone 393R

THOS. J. CLARK
Fire, Accident and Tornado
INSURANCE
Surety Bonds
Opera House Block. Seymour, Indiana

Dr. A. G. Osterman
Office: Johnson Building
First stairway south of Trust Co.

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.
Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of baggage or light hauling in all parts of the city. Residence' phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE.

FIRE INSURANCE
A few dollars invested today
may save you thousands tomorrow
E. W. BLISH, Room No 11 Postal Building

OSCAR B. ABEL
LAWYER
Notary Public. Room One
Over Gates' Fruit Store

W. H. BURKLEY
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
and LOANS
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

"Will Go on Your Bond"
Will write any kind of
INSURANCE
CLARK B. DAVIS
LOANS NOTARY

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Carpenters-Contractors
BUILDING and REPAIRING
New work---hard wood floors a specialty
SPEAR & HAGEL
630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK
Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
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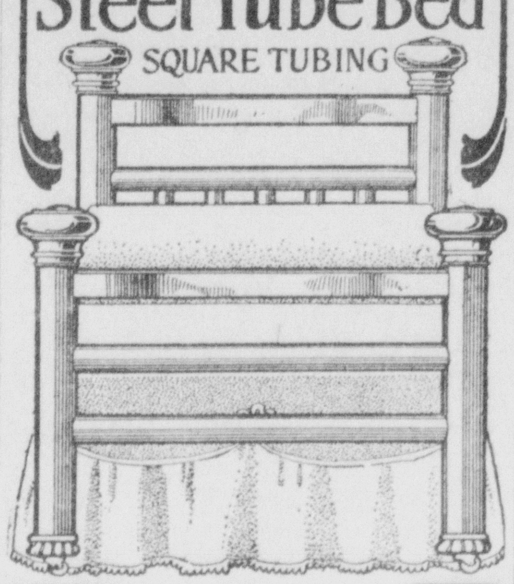
CONGDON & DURHAM,
Fire, Tornado, Liability, Accident and Sick Benefit INSURANCE.
Real Estate, Rental Agency.
Prompt attention to all business.

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile
Insurance
Phone 244
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.
SEYMOUR, IND.

H. LETT, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR.
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.



Art
Steel Tube Bed
SQUARE TUBING

Price $

Do you see how the square cross-rods at top of head and foot beautify this bed?

Imagine this design with round tubing in those positions. Would not the result be "ordinary" and monotonous?

It is just such details of clever and artistic designing that have made our steel beds so popular. And the very large corner posts with brass caps all combine to make this an unusually artistic bed.

Moreover this bed is as good as it looks. Because it is made of drawn steel tubing, very light in weight—extremely strong.

A child can move this bed with the greatest ease. Come in and *see* this bed. Then you will realize how good it is.

HEIDEMAN
114 South Chestnut St.

NEWSY PARAGRAFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer Beach went to Holton Monday afternoon to attend the funeral of his brother.

Carl Pennington, the five-year old son of Ham Pennington, on West Brown street, is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Henry C. Rinne was taken ill Monday afternoon and was removed to his home on Carter street. He is resting easier today.

Roy H. Eades, of Columbus enlisted for the army Monday at the local recruiting station and left on the 5:27 train for Louisville for final instructions.

No. 4, an east bound B. & O. passenger train due here at 9:08 a. m., was an hour late this morning on account of a hot box on the Illinois division.

James Spurgeon, who has charge of the W. H. Reynolds grocery store at Ewing, is seriously ill at his home. He is suffering with tumor of the stomach.

The funeral services of the late John E. Newby were held Monday afternoon from the home of his sister, Mrs. Amanda Reinhart, on North Ewing street, and were attended by a large number of relatives and friends.

Affidavits were not sworn out against Goldie Piatt and Effie Umble yesterday afternoon, but the officers gave the girls a good lecture and released them. They were placed in jail for "shoplifting."

Miss Mary Lynch, who has been a student in St. Vincents Seminary, St. Louis, has taken her vows and been enrolled in the Order of Sister of Charity and will be known as Sister Agatha and is now stationed in the Mullanphy Hospital, St. Louis, Mo.

The second class of candidates was initiated into the Moose lodge last night. The supreme officers, J. H. Maloney and M. L. Maholn, of Indianapolis, were here for the initiation. They went to Princeton today where they will install another lodge. The third class here will be given the work Monday night.

A Pretext.

"Yes," said the determined looking woman; "I might manage to hand you a bite to eat if you'll saw and chop a good pile of stove wood and bring in a few buckets of water and chop the weeds out of the garden and fix up the fence."

"Lady," replied Meandering Mike, "I'm only a hungry wayfarer; I ain't yer husband."

Everyone reads the "Want Ad." column.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
HELP WANTED
LOST AND FOUND,
FOR SALE, TO LET

FOUND:—Child's bear skin cloth coat, dropped from automobile. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying for adv.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Four in family. 110 St. Louis Ave. s26d&w

WANTED—Girl about sixteen to help with housework. 207 Bruce St. s24dtf

WANTED:—Lady to do altering. The Day Light Dry Goods Store. s24d-tf

WANTED—Two roomers. Inquire here. s24d

FOR SALE—1 kitchen cabinet in good order, 1 office desk, 1 refrigerator, a good one, 2 pieces of linoleum, 1 sewing machine. Call at Popular and Third. Dr. Goodloe. s26d

FOR SALE:—Pears, hand picked, 75c bu., good drop pears, 50c bu., specked pears, 30c bu. Phone 363-R. Mrs. H. C. Beyer. o19tts-o10w

FOR SALE—White, enameled bed, springs and mattress. Cheap. Phone 668 or call at 206 N. Lynn St. s25d

FOR SALE—Sawdust, big load delivered. $1.00. Seymour Woodworking Co.. Phone 35. a17dtf

FOR SALE—Mare colt six months old. Cheap. C. D. Hopewell's Livery Barn. s28d&w

FOR SALE—Five room cottage. Bargain. Must be moved from lot. Phone 702. s30d

FOR SALE—Seven room residence, 504 South Vine street, John Koop. s25d

FOR SALE—Light auto truck in good running order. Inquire here. s24d&w

FOR SALE—Good Snare and Base Drum cheap. Williams, Dreamland. dtf

FOR SALE—Fine building lot, east High street. Phone 325. s25d

FOR SALE—Base burner practically new. Inquire here. tf

FOR RENT—Five room cottage, second ward. Good condition. Three blocks from postoffice. H. C. Dannettell. s25d

FOR RENT—Modern seven room cottage on North Chestnut St. E. C. Bollinger. s24dtf

FOR RENT:—Five room cottage, north Bill street. Call at 503 North Blish St. s26d

FOR RENT—Four room house on North Walnut. Inquire at the Bee Hive. s25d

FOR RENT:—Nice room for light house keeping. Third and Mill Sts. s27d

CURTAINS laundered and a "dandy" job. Mrs. Walker, Phone 391. s28d

Earn $10 weekly addressing postcards at home. Bunch of cards and particulars, 10c. E. B. Postcard Co., Station D, 614 Grand Rapids, Mich. S21-24d

VINCENNES ICE DEALER.

Reappears at Home After Absence of Several Months.

Christian Ottensmeyer, president of the Ottensmeyer Ice and Coal company, Vincennes, who disappeared July 19, just as mysteriously reappeared Saturday night and his family and friends are holding a grand reunion. Ottensmeyer says he has been in Danville, Ill., but how he got there he does not know. His memory is a blank from the time of his disappearance until August 15 when he woke up and found himself a patient in St. Mary's hospital in Danville.

He has a good place with an ice company in Danville, which he expects to retain. Fraternal orders and police throughout the country engaged in the search of Ottensmeyer, had come to the conclusion that he was drowned.

He was president of the company that brought damage suit against the Ebner Ice and Cold Storage before he disappeared.

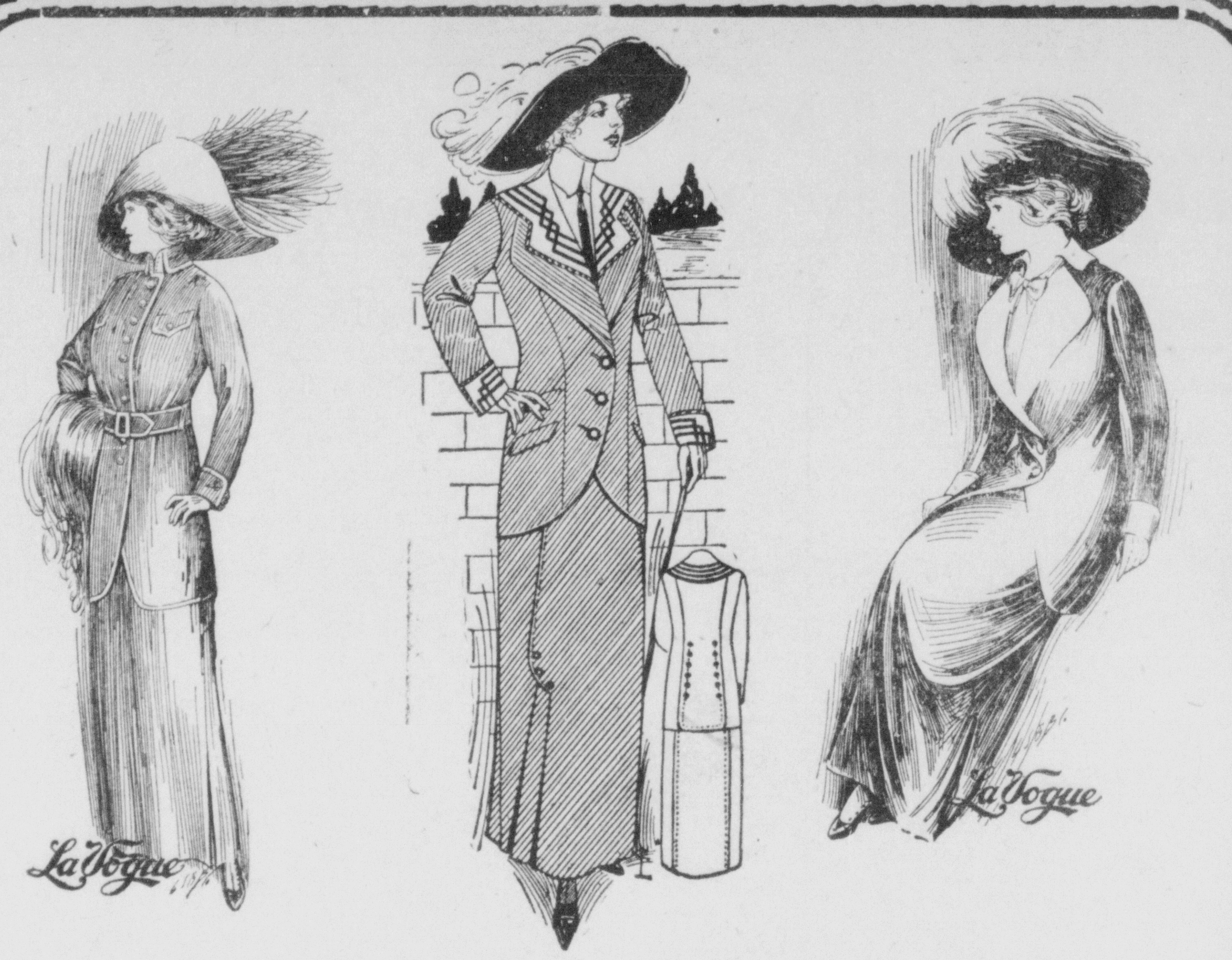
Food Sale.

The Baptist Ladies' Sewing Society will conduct a food sale at the Seymour Public Service Co. office Saturday afternoon beginning at 1:30 o'clock. Call and get something for your Sunday dinner. s27d

Chair Seat Weavers.

We are paying 10c straight per chair for seating. We can use fifty more women to work at odd times at their homes. Seymour Wood Working Co. s24d-tf

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.



WE ARE NOW READY
With the most complete stocks of merchandise ever shown in Seymour and vicinity. We have the finest line of Suits for Ladies, Misses and Juniors ever shown. Coats as never before. A look will convince you that we have the lines. Our Suits are at $10.00; we have them at $12.00; have them at $13.50; we have them at $15.00, $16.50, $18.50, $19.50, $22.00 and up as high as you want to go.
Day Light Dry Goods Store
POSTAL BUILDING

SERIES "D"

Another Money Saving Opportunity Offered to the Citizens of Seymour And Jackson County.

If you believe in saving money regularly and placing these weekly savings where they will draw interest from the time they are laid away, it will pay you to take stock in the new Series "D" of the Co-Operative Building and Loan Association which will be opened Monday, October 7. This Association is one of the substantial business concerns of our county. It has enabled hundreds of our people to own their own homes by easy payment and it has helped hundreds to save and invest in business or other enterprises. In his recent examination, the building and loan examiner of the State of Indiana found the Co-Operative to be one of the best managed associations in the state.

To become a stockholder you subscribe for as many shares as you wish to carry, the membership fee being 25c per share which is paid only once. The dues are 25c per week per share, thus encouraging the habit of saving regularly and placing these savings where they will earn dividends until they amount to $100 per share. No premium is charged for loans and the money is loaned on first mortgage on real estate in Jackson county or on ninety per cent. of the value of the stockholder's pass book, so that there is the best security possible for the investments made by the stockholders.

Take some stock in the new series and begin the habit of regular saving. You will find your money accumulating faster than you think.

See the secretary, Thomas J. Clark, Opera House Block, for full particulars.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.

Weather Indications.

Rain tonight and Wednesday.

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. C. R. Hoffmann at 220 West Tipton street. The program is of special interest and all members and their friends are cordially invited to attend.

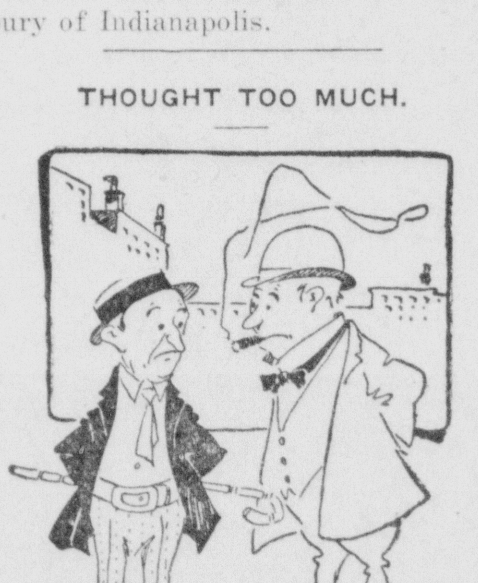
The devotions will be conducted by Mrs. R. R. Rapp following which the regular business will be transacted. Tomorrow is the regular time for the election of superintendents for the different departments and these officers will be selected at that meeting. The president will give a talk upon the plans for the year and will also resume of the work done the past year. Mrs. S. H. Hueman will read a paper "Do's and Don'ts" and following this a discussion will be conducted. "How to Become a Specialist" will be the subject of the leaflet. The meeting will close with Psalm 126-6.

FAREWELL PARTY.

Mrs. E. M. Leyhan entertained with a farewell euchre party this afternoon at her home on South Chestnut street in honor of Mrs. George Craig and Miss Tillie Blooner. The former will leave in a short time for her new home in St. Louis, and Miss Bloner will depart for Redlands, Cal. The afternoon was spent with euchre and was most enjoyable. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Jason Crane and Miss Elizabeth McGovern of St. Louis and Miss Lizetta Seiner of North Vernon.

An in-door picnic will be given in the Masonic banquet rooms tonight in honor of Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Asbury of Indianapolis.

THOUGHT TOO MUCH.



Tompkins—Your wife seems to be a very thoughtful woman.

Thompson—She is. She thinks all kinds of things if I happen to be out late.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

Men's and Boys'
Sweater Coats and
JERSEYS
49 cents AND UP

The finest assortment you have ever seen. We also have a Big Line of **Fall Hats worth $1.50 and $2.00** everywhere, **our Price 98c.** Our line of Clothing for Men and Boys can't be beat for Price and Quality. Come in and **Look Them Over.**

PHILADELPHIA BARGAIN STORE
Next Door to the Gold Mine.

Five Widely-Different easy-selling Magazines want a representative to cover local territory
There is big money for the right person. Man or woman, young or old, if you want work for one hour or 8 hours a day, write at once to
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
Butterick Bldg., New York

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

MEN
Mr. Windom Goss.
Mr. Chas. Grant.
LADIES
Flora McClain.
Mrs. W. L. Owens.
Monday, Sept. 23, 1912.
EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office. d&w-tf

A lot of fine northern oats will be sold cheap from the car. It is a good time to lay in your winter supply of anthracite coal. Phone 353. G. H. Anderson. s7dtf

We are able to serve you better than anyone else in our line, for that is all we do. Come to the Sparta. s14dtf

Get your Ice Cream at Sweany's stand. m3dtf

SPAUNHURST OSTEOPATHS
Trained under the Founder at Kirksville, Mo. Specialists in chronic diseases, spinal disorders and troubles peculiar to women. Both lady and gentleman osteopaths. Office Phone 577; Res. 305. 14 W. Second St.